

# **3500/91 Universal Gateway**

## ***PROFINET Acceptance Test Plan***

**Prepared For**

PROFINET Acceptance Test Plan  
Version 1.0  
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REVISION HISTORY			
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# 1 *Applicable Documents*

The following documents are referenced within:

No.	Document	Version	Scope
1	EGD System Test Plan	A	3500/91 EGD TEST PLAN

## 2 Glossary of Terms

The table below represents an alphabetical list of abbreviations, acronyms, and terminology commonly used in reference to this product.

Term	Definition
ATP	Acceptance Test Plan – this document
BSP	Board Support Package
CRC	Cyclic redundancy check - a hash function designed to detect accidental changes to raw computer data, and is commonly used in digital networks and storage devices such as hard disk drives. CRCs are so called because the check (data verification) code is a redundancy (it adds zero information to the message) and the algorithm is based on cyclic codes.
EGD	Ethernet Global Data
OPC	Ole for Process Control
Ole	Object Linking and Embedding
PPL	Proportional Value
RIM	Rack Interface Module
TDI	Transient Data Interface
GSD	Generic Station Description

## 3 Introduction

### 3.1 Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this document is to define the acceptance test plan for the PROFINET functionality embedded in the /91 Universal Communications Gateway module

This document focuses on the PROFINET portion of the ATP for the /91 Universal Gateway and assumes that the BSP and EGD application code have passed the EGD System Test Plan

The acceptance test can be broken into three distinct areas with each area focused on a specific goal.

- EGD Integration Tests
- PLC Interoperability Tests
- PROFINET Certification Tests

### 3.2 Overview

Acceptance tasks take place throughout the project life cycle and culminate in acceptance testing.

Acceptance Testing incorporates four phases:

1. Defining the acceptance criteria
2. Developing an acceptance test plan
3. Executing the acceptance test plan
4. Reaching acceptance based on the test results

### 3.3 Acceptance Criteria Definition

#### 3.3.1 Overview

This section defines the acceptance criteria and provides a high-level checklist to enter and exit test execution.

##### 3.3.1.1 Entrance Criteria

The entrance criteria detailed below must be completed prior to starting formal acceptance testing:

- G.E. Energy must approve this ATP.
- All software development must be completed (with agreed upon exceptions as outlined in known issues mentioned in this document).
- All software must be under configuration management and frozen prior to the acceptance test.
- All resources (human, hardware, or software) must be assigned and in place.

#### **3.3.1.2 Exit Criteria**

The Exit Criteria detailed below must be achieved to complete acceptance testing for the project:

- All acceptance tests have been conducted and a pass rate of 100% (or mutual agreement on tests not passing reached) has been achieved.
- The test report has been reviewed and accepted.

### **3.4 Acceptance**

Acceptance happens when all pre-defined exit criteria have been achieved. Upon completion of formal acceptance testing, the test lead and the Project Manager will approve the test results. The test result document will be provided to G.E. Energy for review and acceptance.

## 4 Test Resources

### 4.1 Test Environment

Acceptance testing will be performed at a Wind River facility. GE may run tests that can only be run at GE or those tests requiring special knowledge.

### 4.2 Hardware and Equipment Required

The equipment required for testing is broken into three sections: Baseline Equipment, EGD Integration Equipment, and PLC Interoperability Equipment.

#### 4.2.1 Baseline Equipment

This is required for all tests and is a starting point for additional hardware modifications

- 3500 Rack populated with:
  - Slot 0 (Top): AC low-voltage power supply
  - Slot 1 (Full): /22M TDI card (w/ I/O module)
  - Slot 2 (Top/Bottom): two /25 Keyphasor Modules (w/ I/O module)
  - Slot 3 (Full): /42 Proximeter Seismic Monitor Module (w/ I/O module)
  - Slot 4 (Full): /91 Universal Gateway Module
- Function Generator
- Bench Power Supply
- Wind River Probe or ICE
- PROFINET IO Controller PC (loaded with one of the following)
  - Molex PROFINET-IO Controller OEM Engineering Console
    - Order Number: 1121065012
    - Engineering No: SDK-PFN-CON-CNF-U
    - There is a PCI NIC associated with this that
  - ProfinetCommander/Simatic Softnet PROFINET IO
  - Siemens Hardware PLC
    - ET200S CPU: ET200S, IM151-8 PN/DP CPU, 192 KB
    - Step 7 basic V 5.5 for Simatic 300/400, PC Based Controllers.

#### 4.2.2 EGD Integration Equipment

For the EGD Integration Tests the following additional hardware is needed with the Baseline Equipment (section 4.2.1):

- Additional 3500 modules
  - /91 Communications Gateway (with Ethernet I/O module)
  - /32 Standard Relay module (with 4 Channel Relay I/O module)

- /33 16 Channel Relay Module
- two /34 TMR Relay Module
- /40/40M Proximator Monitor (with Proximator I/O modules)
- /42/42M Proximator/Seismic Monitors (with PROX/VELOM I/O module)
- /44/44M Aeroderivative GT Monitor
- /45 Position Monitor
- /46M Hydro Monitor
- /50 Tachometer Monitor
- /53 Overspeed Detection Monitor
- /60 Temperature Monitor (w/no Recs)
- /61 Temperature Monitor (w/Recs)
- /62 Process Variable Monitor
- /63 Gas Detection Monitor
- /64M Dynamic Pressure Monitor
- /65 16-Channel Temperature Monitor
- /70M Impulse/Velocity Monitor
- /72M Rod Position Monitor
- /77M Cylinder Pressure Monitor
- /90 Communication Gateway
- /91 Communication Gateway
- /92 Communication Gateway
- /93 Display interface Module
- /94 VGA Display Module

#### 4.2.3 PLC Interoperability Equipment

For the PLC Interoperability Tests the following additional hardware is needed with the Baseline Equipment (section 4.2.1):

- Additional 3500 modules
  - Slot 01: /22 RIM-TDI Module
  - Slot 02: two /25 Keyphasor Module
  - Slot 03: /42M Proximator/Seismic Monitor
  - Slot 04: /91 Communication Gateway Module
  - Slot 05: /40M Proximator Module
  - Slot 06: /42M Proximator/Seismic Monitor
  - Slot 07: /40M Proximator Module
  - Slot 08: /42M Proximator/Seismic Monitor
  - Slot 09: /40M Proximator Module
  - Slot 10: /42M Proximator/Seismic Monitor
  - Slot 11: /40M Proximator Module
  - Slot 12: /42M Proximator/Seismic Monitor
  - Slot 13: /42M Proximator/Seismic Monitor
  - Slot 14: /42M Proximator/Seismic Monitor
  - Slot 15: /42M Proximator/Seismic Monitor
- PROFINET IO Controller PC
  - Siemens Hardware PLC

- ET200S CPU: ET200S, IM151-8 PN/DP CPU, 192 KB
- Step 7 basic V 5.5 for Simatic 300/400, PC Based Controllers

#### 4.2.4 PN Tester Equipment

For the running the PN Tester pre-certification test suite, the following additional hardware is needed with the Baseline Equipment (section 4.2.1):

- PC for running PN Tester and Wireshark

### 4.3 Test Software

The following software is required for acceptance testing

- 3500 Rack Configuration Software - version 3.94.0817 SP1
- WindRiver Workbench with support for OCD (Version 3.2)
- Serial Communications program – PuTTY
- PROFINET IO Controller software (one of the following)
  - Molex PROFINET-IO Controller OEM Engineering Console
  - ProfinetCommander/Simatic Softnet PROFINET IO
  - Step 7 basic V 5.5 for Simatic 300/400, PC Based Controllers.
- Wireshark
- PN IO Tester from PI International website

## 5 Test Configurations

The PROFINET device stack is built as a Downloadable Kernel Module (DKM). This DKM is stored in the compressed ROMFs image with the other protocols (OPC and ModBus). At startup, the configuration specified by the 3500 Rack Configuration Software will dictate which protocols is to be started.

### 5.1 Build and Flash the EGD Compressed Image

From a VxWorks Development Shell, create the project by running `makeproj.bat`. Change into the project directory and add the WDB component:

```
vxprj component add INCLUDE_WDB
```

Build the project:

```
make BUILD_SPEC=default_romCompress egdcomm_romCompress.bin
```

Flash the newly created image to the board at the start address `0xffff00100`.

## 6 Test Procedures and Results

The following test procedures assume a working knowledge of the following required software elements:

- 3500 Rack Configuration Software for adding/removing modules from the rack
- PROFINET IO-Controller for device configuration, operation, and data validation
- PN IO Tester for configuration and running of the certification test suite
- Wireshark to capture IO-Controller/IO-Device traffic during certification tests

### 6.1 EGD Data Integration Tests

These tests use the Baseline Equipment (section 4.2.1) plus additional modules described in EGD Integration Equipment (section 4.2.2).

Tests in this section will verify that the EGD data is being correctly sent to the IO-Controller and is correctly translated from the EGD data structures into the PROFINET IO Data.

#### 6.1.1 Verify Device Identification for Modules

The following steps need to be performed for each device type to make sure that it is correctly identified and recognized by the IO-Controller. This will verify that the Generic Station Description file (GSD) is in sync with what is recognized by the device as being configured in the rack.

The following steps should be performed for each module/channel pair in the following table.

- Insert the device into the 3500 rack
- Use the Rack Configuration Software to
  - Select the PROFINET protocol on the /91 Universal Gateway Card
  - Download the configuration
- On the IO-Controller
  - Molex IO-Controller
    - Scan the network for devices.
    - Verify that device is detected
    - Verify that the modules are being accurately detected

Monitor	Description	PASS/FAIL
22	TDI	PASS
25	Keyphasor Module –Top	PASS
25	Keyphasor Module - Bottom	PASS
25	Both Keyphasor Modules	PASS
32	Standard Relay Module	
33	16 Channel Relay Module	PASS
34	TMR Relay Module -Top	PASS

Monitor	Description	PASS/FAIL
34	TMR Relay Module - Bottom	PASS
34	Both TMR Modules	PASS
40/40M	Proximeter Monitor	PASS
42/42M	Proximeter/Seismic Monitor	PASS
44/44M	Aeroderivative GT Monitor	PASS
45	Position Monitor	PASS
50	Tachometer Monitor	PASS
53	Overspeed Detection Monitor	PASS
60	Temperature Monitor (w/no Recs)	PASS
61	Temperature Monitor (w/Recs)	PASS
62	Process Variable Monitor	PASS
63	Gas Detection Monitor	PASS
64M	Dynamic Pressure Monitor	PASS
65	16-Channel Temperature Monitor	PASS
70M	Impulse/Velocity Monitor	PASS
72M	Rod Position Monitor	PASS
77M	Cylinder Pressure Monitor	PASS
90	Communication Gateway	PASS
91	Communication Gateway	PASS
92	Communication Gateway	PASS
93	Display interface Module	PASS
94	VGA Display Module	PASS

### 6.1.2 Verify Channel/Data Identification for Sub-modules

This test will verify that a given device's channel and associated data are valid and are populated correctly in the PROFINET IO Data Cyclical frame. This test requires the IO-Controller to select "Canned Data Mode" prior to device connection. With this option, each sub-module will use a known data pattern for each piece of data placed into the cyclical IO Data frame. The expected data is as follows for each sub-module type:

Sub-module	EGD Data	Size	Expected Value	Equivalent Controller Values
Rack Status	Rack Status	Unsigned32	0xDEADBEEF (-559038737)	Power Supply 2 OK, RIM Not OK, Configuration Fault LED State, RIM H/W Config Change, Key Lock In Program Mode, H/W Rack Reset Active, H/W Alarm Inhibit Active, S/W Alarm Inhibit Active, Configuration Lock Active
Module Status	Module Status	Unsigned 16	0x3000	Not Ok, Inhibited
Module Switches	Module Switches	Unsigned8	Module ID	(1)
Channel Status	Channel Status	Unsigned16	Channel ID	(2)
Channel Switches	Channel Switches	Unsigned16	Channel Number	(3)

Sub-module	EGD Data	Size	Expected Value	Equivalent Controller Values
RPM	Keyphasor RPM	Unsigned32	0xDEADBEEF (-559038737)	0xDEADBEEF (-559038737)
N PPLs (N= 1-8)	PPL Status	Unsigned16	(4)	PPL #N Alert, PPL #N Danger
	PPL #1	Float	XY.Y.1	(5)
	...	...	...	...
	PPL #N	Float	XY.Y.N	(5)
Set points 8PPL	Type	Unsigned32	(6)	(6)
	Info	Unsigned8	0x15	Enabled, Danger, Under
	Value	Float	XY.Y.01	(7)
	...	...	...	...
	Type	Unsigned32	(6)	(6)
	Info	Unsigned8	0x15	Enabled, Danger, Under
	Value	Float	XY.Y.20	(7)

- (1) See expected values from the table titled: **Canned Module Switches Data**
- (2) See expected values from the table titled: **Canned Channel Status Data**
- (3) See expected values from the table titled: **Canned Channel Switches Data**
- (4) See expected values from the table titled: **Canned PPL Status Data**
- (5) XY.Y.Z (X: slot #, Y:chan #, Z: PPL #)
- (6) See expected values from the table titled: **Canned Setpoint Types Data**
- (7) XY.Y.ZZ (X: slot #, Y:chan #, Z: Setpoint # )

Monitor	Description	Module ID	Expected Module Switches
25	Keyphasor Module –Top	0x19	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust, Config Mode
25	Keyphasor Module - Bottom	0x19	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust, Config Mode
25	Both Keyphasor Modules	0x19	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust, Config Mode
32	Standard Relay Module	0x20	All False
33	16 Channel Relay Module	0x21	Config Mode
34	TMR Relay Module -Top	0x22	Internal Calibration
34	TMR Relay Module - Bottom	0x22	Internal Calibration
34	Both TMR Modules	0x22	Internal Calibration
40/40M	Proximeter Monitor	0x28	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust
42/42M	Proximeter/Seismic Monitor	0x2A	Internal Calibration, Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust
44/44M	Aeroderivative GT Monitor	0x2C	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust, External Calibration
45	Position Monitor	0x2D	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust, External Calibration, Config Mode
50	Tachometer Monitor	0x32	Internal Calibration
53	Overspeed Detection Monitor	0x35	External Calibration, Config Mode
60	Temperature Monitor (w/no Recs)	0x3C	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust, External Calibration
61	Temperature Monitor (w/Recs)	0x3D	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust, External Calibration, Config Mode
62	Process Variable Monitor	0x3E	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust, External Calibration, Internal Calibration
63	Gas Detection Monitor	0x3F	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust, External Calibration, Internal Calibration, Config Mode
64M	Dynamic Pressure Monitor	0x40	All False
65	16-Channel Temperature Monitor	0x41	Config Mode
70M	Impulse/Velocity Monitor	0x46	External Calibration, Internal Calibration
72M	Rod Position Monitor	0x48	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust
77M	Cylinder Pressure Monitor	0x4D	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust, External Calibration, Config Mode
90	Communication Gateway	0x5A	Internal Calibration, Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust
91	Communication Gateway	0x5B	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust, Internal Calibration, Config Mode
92	Communication Gateway	0x5C	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust, External Calibration
93	Display interface Module	0x5D	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust, External Calibration, Config Mode
94	VGA Display Module	0x5E	Manual Keyphasor Threshold Adjust, External Calibration, Internal Calibration

**Canned Module Switches Data**

Channel	Channel ID	Expected Channel Status							
		Not Comm.	Special Inhibit	Trip Multiply	OFF	Bypass	Alarm 2	Alarm 1	Not OK
Radial Vibration	0x01								x
Thrust Position	0x02							x	
Eccentricity	0x03							x	x
Acceleration	0x04						x		
Velocity	0x05						x		x
Aeroderivative	0x06						x	x	
Differential Expansion	0x07						x	x	x
Complementary Input Differential	0x08					x			
Standard Single Ramp Diff Exp	0x09					x			x
Non-Standard Single Ramp Diff Exp	0x0A					x		x	
Dual Ramp Differential Expansion	0x0B					x		x	x
Rotor Accceleration & Speed	0x0C					x	x		
Temperature	0x0D					x	x		x
Rotor Speed	0x0F					x	x	x	x
Rotor Acceleration & Speed	0x10				x				
Zero Speed	0x11				x				x
Overspeed	0x12				x			x	
Case Expansion - Paired	0x13				x			x	x
Case Expansion - Single	0x14				x		x		
Process Variable	0x15				x		x		x
Shaft Absolute Radial Vibration	0x16				x		x	x	
Shaft Absolute Velocity	0x17				x		x	x	x
Valve Position	0x18				x	x			
Dynamic Pressure	0x19				x	x			x
Hydro Radial Vibration	0x1A				x	x		x	
Temperature (Comp or Diff)	0x1B				x	x		x	x
Acceleration II	0x1C				x	x	x		
Velocity II	0x1D				x	x	x		x
Cylinder Pressure	0x1E				x	x	x	x	
Rod Position Single	0x1F				x	x	x	x	x
Rod Position Pair	0x20			x					
Rod Drop	0x21			x					x
Hyper	0x22			x				x	
Hydro Air Gap	0x23			x				x	x
Circular Acceptance Regions	0x24			x			x		
REBAM	0x26			x			x	x	
Aeroderivative II	0x28			x		x			
Reverse Rotation	0x29			x		x			x
Gas Detection	0x2C			x		x	x		
Hydro Velocity	0x2D			x		x	x		x
Recip Velocity	0x2E			x		x	x	x	
Recip Acceleration	0x2F			x		x	x	x	x
Impulse Acceleration	0x30			x	x				

Channel	Channel ID	Expected Channel Status							
		Not Comm.	Special Inhibit	Trip Multiply	OFF	Bypass	Alarm 2	Alarm 1	Not OK
Multimode Hydro Velocity	0x31			x	x				x
Multimode Air Gap	0x32			x	x			x	
Multimode Hydro RV	0x33			x	x			x	x
Multimode Thrust	0x34			x	x		x		
Multimode Acceleration	0x35			x	x		x		x
Multimode Aero	0x36			x	x		x	x	
Stator End Winding (SEW)	0x38			x	x	x			
RPM	0xFD	x	x	x	x	x	x		x

**Canned Channel Status Data**

Channel Number	Value	Expected Channel Switches			
		Bypass	Special Channel Inhibit	Alarm 2 Bypass	Alarm 1 Bypass
1	0x01				x
2	0x02			x	
3	0x03			x	x
4	0x04		x		
5	0x05		x		x
6	0x06		x	x	
7	0x07		x	x	x
8	0x08	x			
9	0x09	x			x
10	0x0A	x		x	
11	0x0B	x		x	x
12	0x0C	x	x		
13	0x0D	x	x		x
14	0x0E	x	x	x	
15	0x0F	x	x	x	x
16	0x10				

**Canned Channel Switches Data**

# of PPLs	Status Value	Expected IO-Controller Status
1	0x0101	PPL #1 Alert, PPL #1 Danger
2	0x0202	PPL #2 Alert, PPL #2 Danger
3	0x0404	PPL #3 Alert, PPL #3 Danger
4	0x0808	PPL #4 Alert, PPL #4 Danger
5	0x1010	PPL #5 Alert, PPL #5 Danger
6	0x2020	PPL #6 Alert, PPL #6 Danger
7	0x4040	PPL #7 Alert, PPL #7 Danger
8	0x8080	PPL #8 Alert, PPL #8 Danger

**Canned PPL Status Data**

Setpoint Types for		Chan w/PPL of							
Type	Value	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Direct	0000_0001	x			x		x		x
Gap	0000_0002	x			x		x		x
Amp 1X	0000_0004	x			x			x	x
Phase 1X	0000_0008	x				x		x	x
Amp 2X	0000_0010		x			x		x	x
Phase 2X	0000_0020		x			x		x	x
Max Value	0000_0040		x			x		x	x
Min Value	0000_0080		x			x		x	x
Peak to Peak	0000_0100		x			x		x	x
RPM	0000_0200		x			x		x	
Prime Spike	0000_0400		x			x		x	
Power	0000_0800		x			x		x	
Peak Torque	0000_1000			x		x		x	
Peak Speed	0000_2000			x		x		x	
Peak Power	0000_4000			x		x		x	
Seismic	0000_8000			x		x		x	
RPM per Min	0001_0000			x		x		x	
Composite	0002_0000			x			x	x	
Amp NX	0004_0000			x			x	x	
Phase NX	0008_0000			x			x	x	
Amp Shift Cntrl	0010_0000			x			x		x
Phase Shift Cntrl	0020_0000			x			x		x
Amp not 1X	0040_0000				x		x		x
Amp SMAX	0080_0000				x		x		x
Filtered Velocity	0100_0000				x		x		x
Filtered Disp Pk to Pk	0200_0000				x		x		x
Num Reverse Rotations	0400_0000				x		x		x
Zero Speed	0800_0000				x		x		x
Speed Band	1000_0000				x		x		x
Position	2000_0000				x		x		x
Generic	4000_0000				x		x		x

### Canned Setpoint Types Data

The following steps should be performed for each module channel/data items in the following table.

- Insert the module(s) into the 3500 rack
- Use the Rack Configuration Software to
  - Configure the inserted module to a specific channel
  - Select the PROFINET protocol on the /91 Universal Gateway Card
- Download the configuration
- On the IO-Controller
  - Molex IO-Controller
    - Scan the network for devices.

- Verify that device is detected
- Add the detected device to the Controller's configuration
- Configure the data modules as described in the **Module and Channel Identification** table
- Set the "Canned Data Mode" Parameter
- Connect to the device
- Verify that the connection is successful and that IO-Data is received by the controller
- Verify that the data is as expected for each applicable module in the **Sparse Expected Data** table

PROFINET Sub-module	3500/module	Channel	PASS/FAIL
Rack Status	/22	-	PASS
Module Status	42/42M	-	PASS
Module Switches	42/42M	-	PASS
Channel Status	42/42M	-	PASS
Channel Switches	42/42M	-	PASS
8 PPLs	42/42M	Radial Vibration	PASS
7 PPLs	40/40M	REBAM	PASS
6 PPLs	42/42M	Velocity II	PASS
5 PPLs	44/44M	Aeroderivative II	PASS
4 PPLs	42/42M	Shaft Absolute Radial Vibration	PASS
3 PPLs	44/44M	Aeroderivative	PASS
2 PPLs	42/42M	Differential Expansion	PASS
1 PPL	42/42M	Velocity	PASS
Set points 8PPL	42/42M	Radial Vibration	PASS
Set points 7PPLs	40/40M	REBAM	PASS
Set points 6PPLs	42/42M	Velocity II	PASS
Set points 5PPLs	44/44M	Aeroderivative II	PASS
Set points 4PPLs	42/42M	Shaft Absolute Radial Vibration	PASS
Set points 3PPLs	44/44M	Aeroderivative	PASS
Set points 2PPLs	42/42M	Differential Expansion	PASS
Set points 1PPL	42/42M	Velocity	PASS
RPM	/25	Keyphasor	PASS

**Sparse Expected Data**

Monitor	Description	Type	Chan #	Data	Pass/Fail
25	Keyphasor Module (Top)	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		N/A	1	Chan Status	PASS
		N/A	1	Chan Switches	PASS
		N/A	1	RPM(Top)	PASS
		N/A	2	Chan Status	PASS
		N/A	2	Chan Switches	PASS
		N/A	2	RPM(Top)	PASS
25	Keyphasor Module (Bottom)	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		N/A	1	Chan Status	PASS
		N/A	1	Chan Switches	PASS
		N/A	1	RPM(Botom)	PASS
		N/A	2	Chan Status	PASS
		N/A	2	Chan Switches	PASS
		N/A	2	RPM(Botom)	PASS
25	Keyphasor Module (Both)	N/A	N/A	Module Status (Top)	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches (Top)	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Status (Bottom)	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches (Bottom)	PASS
		N/A	1	Chan Status	PASS
		N/A	1	Chan Switches	PASS
		N/A	1	RPM(Top)	PASS
		N/A	2	Chan Status	PASS
		N/A	2	Chan Switches	PASS
		N/A	2	RPM(Top)	PASS
		N/A	1	Chan Status	PASS
		N/A	1	Chan Switches	PASS
		N/A	1	RPM(Botom)	PASS
		N/A	2	Chan Status	PASS
		N/A	2	Chan Switches	PASS
		N/A	2	RPM(Botom)	PASS
32	Standard Relay Module	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
33	16 Channel Relay Module	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
34	TMR Relay Module (Top)	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
34	TMR Relay Module (Bottom)	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
34	TMR Relay Module (Both)	N/A	N/A	Module Status (Top)	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches (Top)	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Status (Bottom)	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches (Bottom)	PASS
40/40M	Proximeter Monitor	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS

	N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
	Radial Vibration	1	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Radial Vibration	2	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Radial Vibration	3	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Radial Vibration	4	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Eccentricity	1	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Eccentricity	2	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Eccentricity	3	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Eccentricity	4	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Differential Expansion	1	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Differential Expansion	2	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Differential Expansion	3	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Differential Expansion	4	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS

				Setpoints	PASS
		Thrust Position	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Thrust Position	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Thrust Position	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Thrust Position	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		REBAM	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		REBAM	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		REBAM	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		REBAM	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
42/42M	Proximeter/Seismic Monitor	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		Differential Expansion	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL-2	PASS
				Setpoints-2	PASS
		Differential Expansion	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL-2	PASS
				Setpoints-2	PASS
		Differential Expansion	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL-2	PASS
				Setpoints-2	PASS
		Differential Expansion	4	Chan Status	PASS

				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL-2	PASS
				Setpoints-2	PASS
		Velocity	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Velocity	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Velocity	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Velocity	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Eccentricity	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL-4	PASS
				Setpoints-4	PASS
		Eccentricity	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL-4	PASS
				Setpoints-4	PASS
		Eccentricity	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL-4	PASS
				Setpoints-4	PASS
		Eccentricity	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL-4	PASS
				Setpoints-4	PASS
		Radial Vibration	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL-8	PASS
				Setpoints-8	PASS
		Radial Vibration	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL-8	PASS
				Setpoints-8	PASS
		Radial Vibration	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL-8	PASS
				Setpoints-8	PASS
		Radial Vibration	4	Chan Status	PASS

			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Acceleration	1	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL-1	PASS
			Setpoints-1	PASS
	Acceleration	2	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL-1	PASS
			Setpoints-1	PASS
	Acceleration	3	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL-1	PASS
			Setpoints-1	PASS
	Acceleration	4	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL-1	PASS
			Setpoints-1	PASS
	Thrust Position	1	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL-2	PASS
			Setpoints-2	PASS
	Thrust Position	2	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL-2	PASS
			Setpoints-2	PASS
	Thrust Position	3	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL-2	PASS
			Setpoints-2	PASS
	Thrust Position	4	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL-2	PASS
			Setpoints-2	PASS
	Shaft Absolute Radial Vibration	1	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Shaft Absolute Radial Vibration	2	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Shaft Absolute Radial Vibration	3	Chan Status	N/A
			Chan Switches	N/A
			PPL	N/A
			Setpoints	N/A
	Shaft Absolute Radial Vibration	4	Chan Status	N/A

				Chan Switches	N/A
				PPL	N/A
				Setpoints	N/A
		Shaft Absolute Velocity	1	Chan Status	N/A
				Chan Switches	N/A
				PPL	N/A
				Setpoints	N/A
		Shaft Absolute Velocity	2	Chan Status	N/A
				Chan Switches	N/A
				PPL	N/A
				Setpoints	N/A
		Shaft Absolute Velocity	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Shaft Absolute Velocity	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Velocity II	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Velocity II	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Velocity II	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Velocity II	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Circular Acceptance Regions	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Circular Acceptance Regions	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Circular Acceptance Regions	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Circular Acceptance Regions	4	Chan Status	PASS

				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Acceleration II	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Acceleration II	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Acceleration II	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Acceleration II	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		REBAM	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		REBAM	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		REBAM	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		REBAM	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
44/44M	Aeroderivative GT Monitor	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		Aeroderivative	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Aeroderivative	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Aeroderivative	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS

				Setpoints	PASS
		Aeroderivative	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Aeroderivative II	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Aeroderivative II	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Aeroderivative II	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Aeroderivative II	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Aero	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Aero	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Aero	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Aero	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
45	Position Monitor	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		Thrust Position	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Thrust Position	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Thrust Position	3	Chan Status	PASS

			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Thrust Position	4	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Differential Expansion	1	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Differential Expansion	2	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Differential Expansion	3	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Differential Expansion	4	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Standard Single Ramp Diff Exp	1	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Standard Single Ramp Diff Exp	2	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Standard Single Ramp Diff Exp	3	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Standard Single Ramp Diff Exp	4	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Non-Standard Single Ramp Diff Exp	1	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS
	Non-Standard Single Ramp Diff Exp	2	Chan Status	PASS
			Chan Switches	PASS
			PPL	PASS
			Setpoints	PASS

		Non-Standard Single Ramp Diff Exp	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Non-Standard Single Ramp Diff Exp	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Dual Ramp Differential Expansion	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Dual Ramp Differential Expansion	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Dual Ramp Differential Expansion	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Dual Ramp Differential Expansion	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Complementary Input Differential	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Complementary Input Differential	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Complementary Input Differential	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Complementary Input Differential	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Case Expansion - Paired	1	Chan Status	N/A
				Chan Switches	N/A
				PPL	N/A
				Setpoints	N/A

		Case Expansion - Paired	2	Chan Status	N/A
				Chan Switches	N/A
				PPL	N/A
				Setpoints	N/A
		Case Expansion - Paired	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Case Expansion - Paired	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Case Expansion - Single	1	Chan Status	N/A
				Chan Switches	N/A
				PPL	N/A
				Setpoints	N/A
		Case Expansion - Single	2	Chan Status	N/A
				Chan Switches	N/A
				PPL	N/A
				Setpoints	N/A
		Case Expansion - Single	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Case Expansion - Single	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Valve Position	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Valve Position	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Valve Position	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Valve Position	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
46M	Hydro Monitor	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		Hydro Radial Vibration	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS

				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hydro Radial Vibration	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hydro Radial Vibration	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hydro Radial Vibration	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hydro Air Gap	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hydro Air Gap	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hydro Air Gap	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hydro Air Gap	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hydro Velocity	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hydro Velocity	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hydro Velocity	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hydro Velocity	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Hydro RV	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS

				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Hydro RV	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Hydro RV	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Hydro RV	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Air Gap	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Air Gap	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Air Gap	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Air Gap	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Hydro Velocity	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Hydro Velocity	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Hydro Velocity	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Hydro Velocity	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Thrust	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS

				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Thrust	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Thrust	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Thrust	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Acceleration	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Acceleration	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Acceleration	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Multimode Acceleration	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Stator End Winding (SEW)	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Stator End Winding (SEW)	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Stator End Winding (SEW)	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Stator End Winding (SEW)	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
50	Tachometer Monitor	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS

		Rotor Accceleration & Speed	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Rotor Accceleration & Speed	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Zero Speed	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Zero Speed	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Rotor Speed	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Rotor Speed	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Reverse Rotation	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Reverse Rotation	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
53	Overspeed	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		Overspeed	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
60	Temperature Monitor (w/no Recs)	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		Temperature	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS

		Temperature	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature	5	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature	6	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	5	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	6	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
61	Temperature Monitor (w/Recs)	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		Temperature	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS

				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature	5	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature	6	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	5	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	6	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
62	Process Variable Monitor	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		Process Variable	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS

		Process Variable	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Process Variable	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Process Variable	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Process Variable	5	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Process Variable	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
63	Gas Detection Monitor	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		Gas Detection	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Gas Detection	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Gas Detection	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Gas Detection	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
64M	Dynamic Pressure Monitor	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		Dynamic Pressure	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Dynamic Pressure	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS

		Dynamic Pressure	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Dynamic Pressure	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
65	16-Channel Temperature Monitor	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	5	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	6	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	7	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	8	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	9	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	10	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS

				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	11	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	12	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	13	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	14	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	15	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Temperature (Comp or Diff)	16	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
70M	Impulse/Velocity Monitor	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		Impulse Acceleration	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Impulse Acceleration	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Impulse Acceleration	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Impulse Acceleration	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Recip Acceleration	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS

		Recip Acceleration	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Recip Acceleration	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Recip Acceleration	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Recip Velocity	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Recip Velocity	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Recip Velocity	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Recip Velocity	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
72M	Rod Position Monitor	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
		Rod Position Pair	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Rod Position Pair	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Rod Position Pair	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Rod Position Pair	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Rod Position Single	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS

				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Rod Position Single	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Rod Position Single	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Rod Position Single	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hyper	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hyper	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hyper	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Hyper	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Rod Drop	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Rod Drop	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Rod Drop	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Rod Drop	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
77M	Cylinder Pressure Monitor	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS

		Cylinder Pressure	1	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Cylinder Pressure	2	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Cylinder Pressure	3	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
		Cylinder Pressure	4	Chan Status	PASS
				Chan Switches	PASS
				PPL	PASS
				Setpoints	PASS
90	Communication Gateway	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
91	Communication Gateway	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
92	Communication Gateway	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
93	Display interface Module	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS
94	VGA Display Module	N/A	N/A	Module Status	PASS
		N/A	N/A	Module Switches	PASS

### 6.1.3 Verify EGD Data Translation

These tests use the Rack Configuration Software to validate the data translation routines in the IO-Device, which are used to populate the PROFINET cyclical IO Data frame.

#### 6.1.3.1 Verify Status and Switches

- Configure the rack with only the TDI, keyphasor and /91 communications cards.
- Reboot the /91 card selecting the PROFINET protocol.
- On the IO-Controller add Module Status, Module Switches, Channel Status, and Channel Switches sub modules to the Keyphasor configuration
- Connect the IO-Controller to the device
- Verify the current sub-module settings

Result: **PASS**

#### 6.1.3.2 Modify Status and Recheck Values

- Using the Rack Configuration Software set a Keyphasor Channel switch to Channel Bypass.

- Observe that “MODULE-STATUS—IN-BYPASS” and “CHANNEL-STATUS—BYPASS” has changed to TRUE

Result: **PASS**

#### 6.1.3.3 Verify Keyphasor

- Configure one Keyphasor Module to have an Upper RPM Limit of 99999.
- Configure the clamp values for each channel to be various values from the low end of the scale to the upper end of the scale.
- Download the configuration
- The /91 will reboot selecting the PROFINET protocol.
- On the IO-Controller add the RPM sub-module to the Keyphasor configuration
- Connect the IO-Controller to the device
- Input a 60000 RPM Keyphasor signal and verify values

Result: **PASS**

#### 6.1.3.4 Verify Keyphasor with the RIM removed

Perform the test in section 6.1.3.3 Verify Keyphasor. Then perform the following

- Remove the RIM and wait for 20-30 seconds. Verify that the Keyphasor RPM values are clamped to the values set in the Rack Configuration Software.

Result: **PASS**

#### 6.1.3.5 Verify Monitor IO Data

- Configure a /42 Proximitior/Seismic Monitor for the first 2 channels to be Radial Vibration.
- Connect a 250 mV p-p sine wave to the inputs. The signal should have a -10 V offset, and the same frequency as the Keyphasor signal.
- Reboot the /91 card selecting the PROFINET protocol.
- On the IO-Controller add all available sub-modules for the /42 channels
- Connect the IO-Controller to the device
- Compare the values displayed in the IO-Controller with those displayed in Rack Configuration Software.

PPL	Rack Config Values	IO-Controller Values
Direct	2.5	2.450945
Gap	-14.9	-14.934932

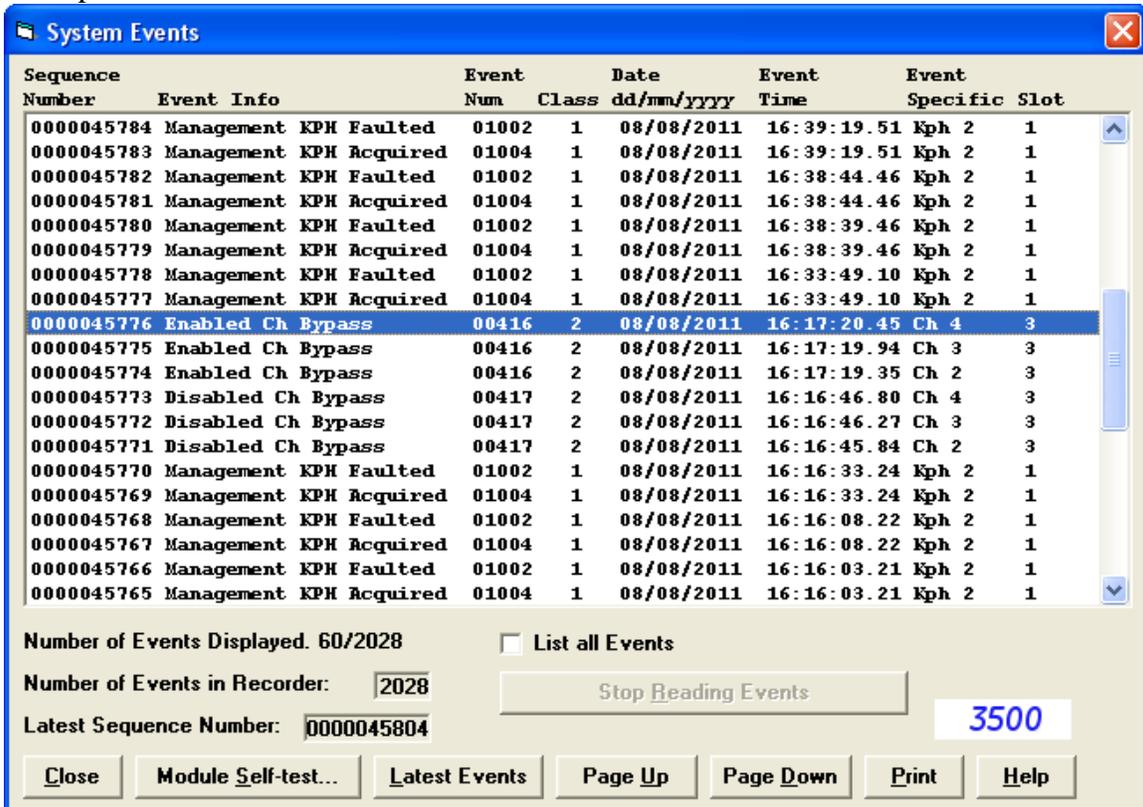
Result: **PASS**

#### 6.1.3.6 Verify System Events are being received

- In the IO-Controller look at the Event Log to see the list of Events that have occurred on the controller. System Events received from the IO-Device should be present.

- Start Wireshark and capture packets.
- Generate some system events
  - For one of the modules in the configuration initiate one or more channel bypass with the channel switches
- Compare the system events displayed in the Rack Configuration Software with those displayed in the Event Log
- Stop Wireshark capture and verify the Event data sent to the controller corresponds with what is present in the Rack Configuration Software

Example:



Data Field	Data Type	SystemEvent Hex Data from Wireshark	Translated value
Sequence Number	Unsigned 32	0000b2d0	45776
Source Device	Unsigned8	02	Dev 2 (slot 1) TDI
Destination Device	Unsigned8	06	Dev 6 (slot 3) /42M
Type/Severity	Bit Field XXYYYYYYY X - severity Y - number	81a0	X – Typical logged Event Y – 416 Enabled Ch Bypass
Course Time	Unsigned16	001d	

FineTime	Unsigned32	b8b3083a	
Data	String	43 68 20 34 20 20	Ch 4
Text	String	45 6e 61 62 6c 65 64 20 43 68 20 42 79 70 61 73 73 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Enabled Ch Bypass

Result: **PASS**

### 6.1.3.7 Verify Alarm Events are being received

- In the IO-Controller look at the Event Log to see the list of Events that have occurred on the controller. Alarm Events received from the IO-Device should be present.
- Start Wireshark and capture packets.
- Generate some Alarm Events by changing voltage inputs to monitor cards
- Compare the Alarm Events displayed in the Rack Configuration software with those displayed in the Event Log.
- Stop Wireshark capture and verify the Event data sent to the controller corresponds with what is present in the Rack Configuration Software

Example:

The screenshot shows the 'Alarm Events' window with the following data:

Sequence Number	Slot	Chan	Mode	Direction	Event	Date dd/mm/yyyy	Event Time
0000004076	003	001	N/A	Enter	Alert/Alarm 1	08/08/2011	16:59:31.76
0000004075	003	001	N/A	Left	Not OK	08/08/2011	16:01:16.80
0000004074	003	004	N/A	Enter	Not OK	08/08/2011	16:00:46.90
0000004073	003	003	N/A	Enter	Not OK	08/08/2011	16:00:46.90
0000004072	003	002	N/A	Enter	Not OK	08/08/2011	16:00:46.90
0000004071	003	001	N/A	Enter	Not OK	08/08/2011	16:00:46.90
0000004070	003	001	N/A	Left	Alert/Alarm 1	08/08/2011	16:00:10.47
0000004069	003	001	N/A	Enter	Alert/Alarm 1	08/08/2011	15:59:12.20
0000004068	003	001	N/A	Left	Not OK	08/08/2011	15:59:09.26
0000004067	003	004	N/A	Enter	Not OK	08/08/2011	15:57:19.85
0000004066	003	003	N/A	Enter	Not OK	08/08/2011	15:57:19.85
0000004065	003	002	N/A	Enter	Not OK	08/08/2011	15:57:19.85
0000004064	003	001	N/A	Enter	Not OK	08/08/2011	15:57:19.85
0000004063	002	001	N/A	Enter	Not OK	08/08/2011	15:56:29.87
0000004062	002	001	N/A	Left	Not OK	08/08/2011	15:55:50.06
0000004061	002	002	N/A	Enter	Not OK	08/08/2011	14:42:50.64
0000004060	002	001	N/A	Enter	Not OK	08/08/2011	14:42:50.64
0000004059	002	000	N/A	Enter	Not OK	08/08/2011	14:39:28.57
0000004058	002	000	N/A	Enter	Not OK	08/08/2011	14:37:14.02
0000004057	002	000	N/A	Enter	Not OK	08/08/2011	14:34:33.14

Number of Events Displayed: 20/4077  List all Events

Number of Events in Recorder:

Latest Sequence Number:

Buttons: Close, Latest Events, Page Up, Page Down, Print, Help, 3500

Data Field	Data Type	SystemEvent Hex Data from Wireshark	Translated value
Sequence Number	Unsigned 32	00000fec	4076
Device	Unsigned8	06	Dev 6 (slot 3) /42M
Channel	Unsigned8	00	Channel 1
Type	Unsigned 8	00	Alert (ALERT_ALARM_TYPE)
Direction	Unsigned8	00	Enter Alarm (ENTER_ALARM)
Course Time	Unsigned16	001d	
FineTime	Unsigned32	b8b7f9e2	

Result: **PASS**

### 6.1.4 Verify Redundancy Functionality

This tests in this section will verify that the two /91 Universal Gateway cards will operate in two modes concurrent mode or backup mode.

#### 6.1.4.1 Verify Concurrent operation mode

This is the default operation for multiple /91 Universal Gateway cards in the system.

- Use the PROFINET Engineering tool and the DCP protocol to configure each /91 with a unique IP address, MAC, station ID, etc....
- Add each device to the controller's configuration
- Configure each device to represent the rack configuration
- Connect to each device
- Verify that each device produces the information requested from the rack concurrently

Result: **PASS**

#### 6.1.4.2 Verify backup mode operation

This operation relies on setting the Redundancy mode parameter prior to connecting to the device

- Use the PROFINET Engineering tool and the DCP protocol to configure each /91 with a unique IP address, MAC, station ID, etc....
- Add each device to the controller's configuration
- Configure each device to represent the rack configuration
- Choose one of the /91 modules to be the primary module and the second /91 as a backup module. For the backup module make sure the Redundancy mode parameter is set to "Backup Mode"
- Connect to each device
- Verify that Primary is producing the expected I/O data
- Verify that Backup module is not producing any valid cyclical data
- Pull the /91 module from the rack

- Verify that the Backup module is now producing the same valid data that the Primary was producing.

Result: **PASS**

## 6.2 PLC Interoperability Tests

The tests in this section will verify operation with the PLC and 3500 modules described in section 4.2.3 PLC Interoperability Equipment. The goals of these tests are to make sure that a standard PLC will work with a full rack of modules.

Insert modules in the rack as follows:



Using the Rack Configuration S/W, set channels 1-4 for each of the /40's and /42's in the rack to be of type Radial Vibration. When the device starts, it will plug all data types for each module and channel. The following table show that data submodules that will be plugged in by the device:

Slot	Module	Channel	Data Types
1	22 TDI	N/A	N/A
2	25 Keyphasor (Both)	N/A	Module Status (Top) ModuleSwitches (Top) Channel Status (Top) Channel Switches (Top) Chan 1 RPM (Top) Channel Status (Top) Channel Switches (Top)

		Chan 2 RPM (Top)
		Module Status (Bottom)
		Module Switches (Bottom)
		Channel Status (Bottom)
		Channel Switches (Bottom)
		Chan 1 RPM (Bottom)
		Channel Status (Bottom)
		Channel Switches (Bottom)
		Chan 2 RPM (Bottom)
3/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Module Status
		Module Switches
		Chan 1 Status
		Chan 1 Switches
		<b>Chan 1 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 1 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 2 Status
		Chan 2 Switches
		<b>Chan 2 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 2 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 3 Status
		Chan 3 Switches
		<b>Chan 3 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 3 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 4 Status
		Chan 4 Switches
		<b>Chan 4 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 4 Setpoints (8)
4/91 Comm Gateway Module	N/A	Module Status
		Module Switches
5/40M Proximitor Module	Radial Vibration	Module Status
		Module Switches
		Chan 1 Status
		Chan 1 Switches
		<b>Chan 1 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 1 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 2 Status
		Chan 2 Switches
		<b>Chan 2 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 2 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 3 Status
		Chan 3 Switches
		<b>Chan 3 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 3 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 4 Status
		Chan 4 Switches
		<b>Chan 4 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 4 Setpoints (8)
6/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Module Status
		Module Switches
		Chan 1 Status

		Chan 1 Switches
		<b>Chan 1 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 1 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 2 Status
		Chan 2 Switches
		<b>Chan 2 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 2 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 3 Status
		Chan 3 Switches
		<b>Chan 3 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 3 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 4 Status
		Chan 4 Switches
		<b>Chan 4 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 4 Setpoints (8)
7/40M Proximitor Module	Radial Vibration	Module Status
		Module Switches
		Chan 1 Status
		Chan 1 Switches
		<b>Chan 1 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 1 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 2 Status
		Chan 2 Switches
		<b>Chan 2 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 2 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 3 Status
		Chan 3 Switches
		<b>Chan 3 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 3 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 4 Status
		Chan 4 Switches
		<b>Chan 4 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 4 Setpoints (8)
8/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Module Status
		Module Switches
		Chan 1 Status
		Chan 1 Switches
		<b>Chan 1 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 1 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 2 Status
		Chan 2 Switches
		<b>Chan 2 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 2 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 3 Status
		Chan 3 Switches
		<b>Chan 3 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 3 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 4 Status
		Chan 4 Switches
		Chan 4 PPLs (8)

9/40M Proximitor Module	Radial Vibration	Chan 4 Setpoints (8) Module Status Module Switches Chan 1 Status Chan 1 Switches <b>Chan 1 PPLs (8)</b> Chan 1 Setpoints (8) Chan 2 Status Chan 2 Switches <b>Chan 2 PPLs (8)</b> Chan 2 Setpoints (8) Chan 3 Status Chan 3 Switches <b>Chan 3 PPLs (8)</b> Chan 3 Setpoints (8) Chan 4 Status Chan 4 Switches Chan 4 PPLs (8) Chan 4 Setpoints (8)
10/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Module Status Module Switches Chan 1 Status Chan 1 Switches <b>Chan 1 PPLs (8)</b> Chan 1 Setpoints (8) Chan 2 Status Chan 2 Switches <b>Chan 2 PPLs (8)</b> Chan 2 Setpoints (8) Chan 3 Status Chan 3 Switches <b>Chan 3 PPLs (8)</b> Chan 3 Setpoints (8) Chan 4 Status Chan 4 Switches Chan 4 PPLs (8) Chan 4 Setpoints (8)
11/40M Proximitor Module	Radial Vibration	Module Status Module Switches Chan 1 Status Chan 1 Switches <b>Chan 1 PPLs (8)</b> Chan 1 Setpoints (8) Chan 2 Status Chan 2 Switches <b>Chan 2 PPLs (8)</b> Chan 2 Setpoints (8) Chan 3 Status Chan 3 Switches <b>Chan 3 PPLs (8)</b>

		Chan 3 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 4 Status
		Chan 4 Switches
		Chan 4 PPLs (8)
		Chan 4 Setpoints (8)
12/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Module Status
		Module Switches
		Chan 1 Status
		Chan 1 Switches
		<b>Chan 1 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 1 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 2 Status
		Chan 2 Switches
		<b>Chan 2 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 2 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 3 Status
		Chan 3 Switches
		<b>Chan 3 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 3 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 4 Status
		Chan 4 Switches
		Chan 4 PPLs (8)
		Chan 4 Setpoints (8)
13/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Module Status
		Module Switches
		Chan 1 Status
		Chan 1 Switches
		<b>Chan 1 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 1 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 2 Status
		Chan 2 Switches
		<b>Chan 2 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 2 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 3 Status
		Chan 3 Switches
		<b>Chan 3 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 3 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 4 Status
		Chan 4 Switches
		Chan 4 PPLs (8)
		Chan 4 Setpoints (8)
14/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Module Status
		Module Switches
		Chan 1 Status
		Chan 1 Switches
		<b>Chan 1 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 1 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 2 Status
		Chan 2 Switches
		<b>Chan 2 PPLs (8)</b>

		Chan 2 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 3 Status
		Chan 3 Switches
		<b>Chan 3 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 3 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 4 Status
		Chan 4 Switches
		Chan 4 PPLs (8)
		Chan 4 Setpoints (8)
15/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Module Status
		Module Switches
		Chan 1 Status
		Chan 1 Switches
		<b>Chan 1 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 1 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 2 Status
		Chan 2 Switches
		<b>Chan 2 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 2 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 3 Status
		Chan 3 Switches
		<b>Chan 3 PPLs (8)</b>
		Chan 3 Setpoints (8)
		Chan 4 Status
		Chan 4 Switches
		Chan 4 PPLs (8)
		Chan 4 Setpoints (8)

Now manually build a configuration on the PLC that fits within the 1440 byte RTC limitation. The configuration should correspond to the rows in the above table marked in **bold**

### 6.2.1 Verify the PLC connects and receives IO Data

This test will make sure that we can feed live inputs to each of the devices and make sure that the expected live data is reported on each of the channels. Connect a 250 mV p-p sine wave to the inputs. The signal should have a -10 V offset, and the same frequency as the Keyphasor signal. See Section 6.2.4 for results.

NOTE: This test was done for the channels that that were in the 1440 byte RTC configuration

### 6.2.2 Verify the PLC receives System Events

From the Rack Configuration software, select a channel on a given device and enable the channel bypass for the channel. This will generate a system event for that device and channel. Verify that a system event is generated for that slot. See Section 6.2.4 for results.

### 6.2.3 Verify the PLC receives Alarm Events

With the live data hooked up to a given device channel, change the input signal voltage to a 450 mV p-p Sine wave and verify that an alarm is generated. See Section 6.2.4 for results.

### 6.2.4 Test Results

This section contains the test results from sections 6.2.1 – 6.2.3

Slot	Module	Channel	Data	Verified	Correctly Generated	
			Type		Alarm	Event
2	/25 Keyphasor (Both)	N/A	Chan 1 RPM (Top)	PASS	N/A	PASS
			Chan 2 RPM (Top)	PASS	N/A	
			Chan 1 RPM (Bottom)	PASS	N/A	PASS
			Chan 2 RPM (Bottom)	PASS	N/A	
3	/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Channel 1	PASS	PASS	PASS
			Channel 2	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 3	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 4	PASS	PASS	
4	/91 Comm Gateway Module	N/A	Module Status Module Switches	N/A	N/A	N/A
5	/40M Proximitor Module	Radial Vibration	Channel 1	PASS	PASS	PASS
			Channel 2	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 3	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 4	PASS	PASS	
6	/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Channel 1	PASS	PASS	PASS
			Channel 2	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 3	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 4	PASS	PASS	
7	/40M Proximitor Module	Radial Vibration	Channel 1	PASS	PASS	PASS
			Channel 2	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 3	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 4	PASS	PASS	
8	/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Channel 1	PASS	PASS	PASS
			Channel 2	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 3	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 4	N/A	N/A	
9	/40M Proximitor Module	Radial Vibration	Channel 1	PASS	PASS	PASS
			Channel 2	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 3	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 4	N/A	N/A	
10	/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Channel 1	PASS	PASS	PASS
			Channel 2	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 3	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 4	N/A	N/A	
11	/40M Proximitor Module	Radial Vibration	Channel 1	PASS	PASS	PASS
			Channel 2	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 3	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 4	N/A	N/A	
12	/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Channel 1	PASS	PASS	PASS

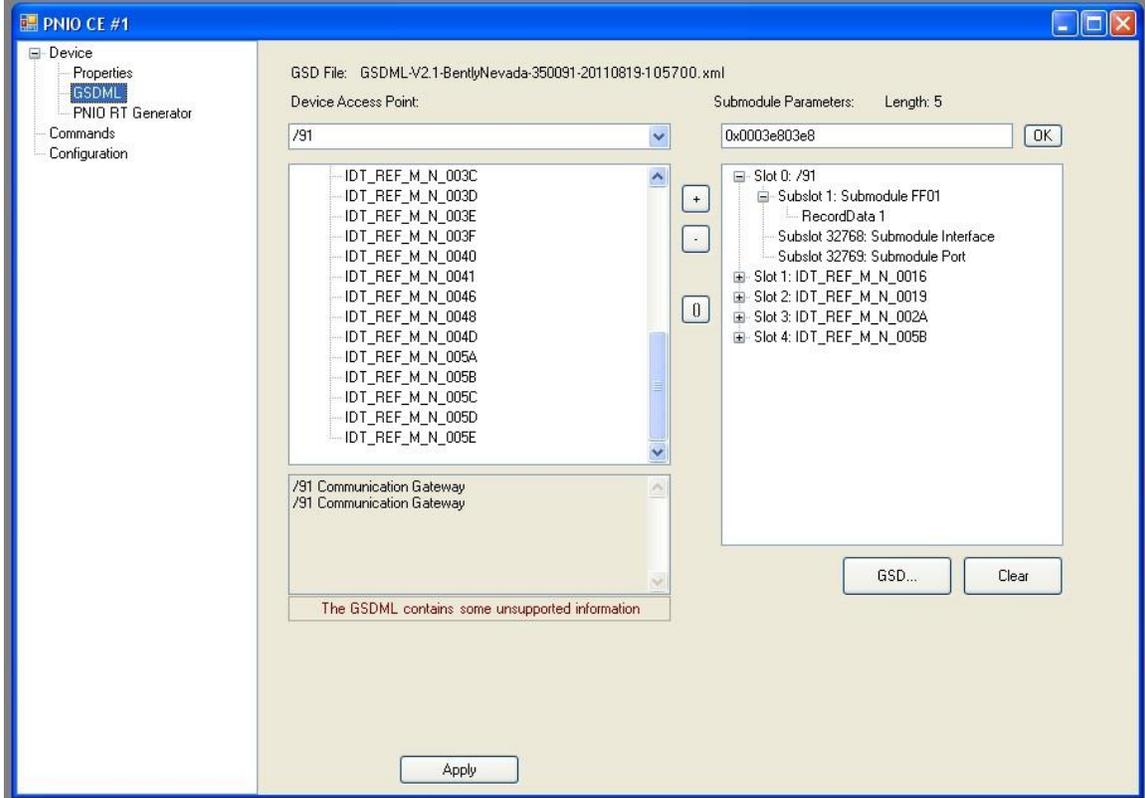
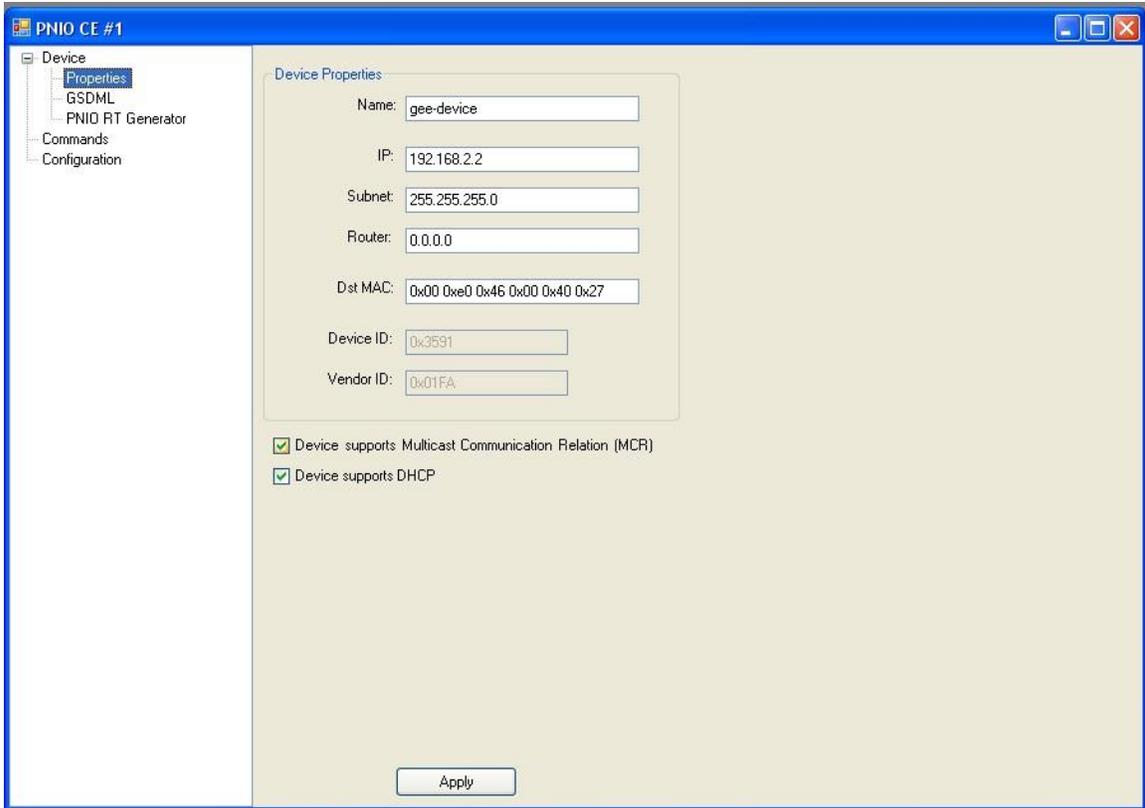
			Channel 2	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 3	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 4	N/A	N/A	
13	/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Channel 1	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 2	PASS	PASS	PASS
			Channel 3	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 4	N/A	N/A	
			Channel 1	PASS	PASS	
14	/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Channel 2	PASS	PASS	PASS
			Channel 3	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 4	N/A	N/A	
			Channel 1	PASS	PASS	
15	/42M Proximitor Seismic Module	Radial Vibration	Channel 2	PASS	PASS	PASS
			Channel 3	PASS	PASS	
			Channel 4	N/A	N/A	
			Channel 1	PASS	PASS	

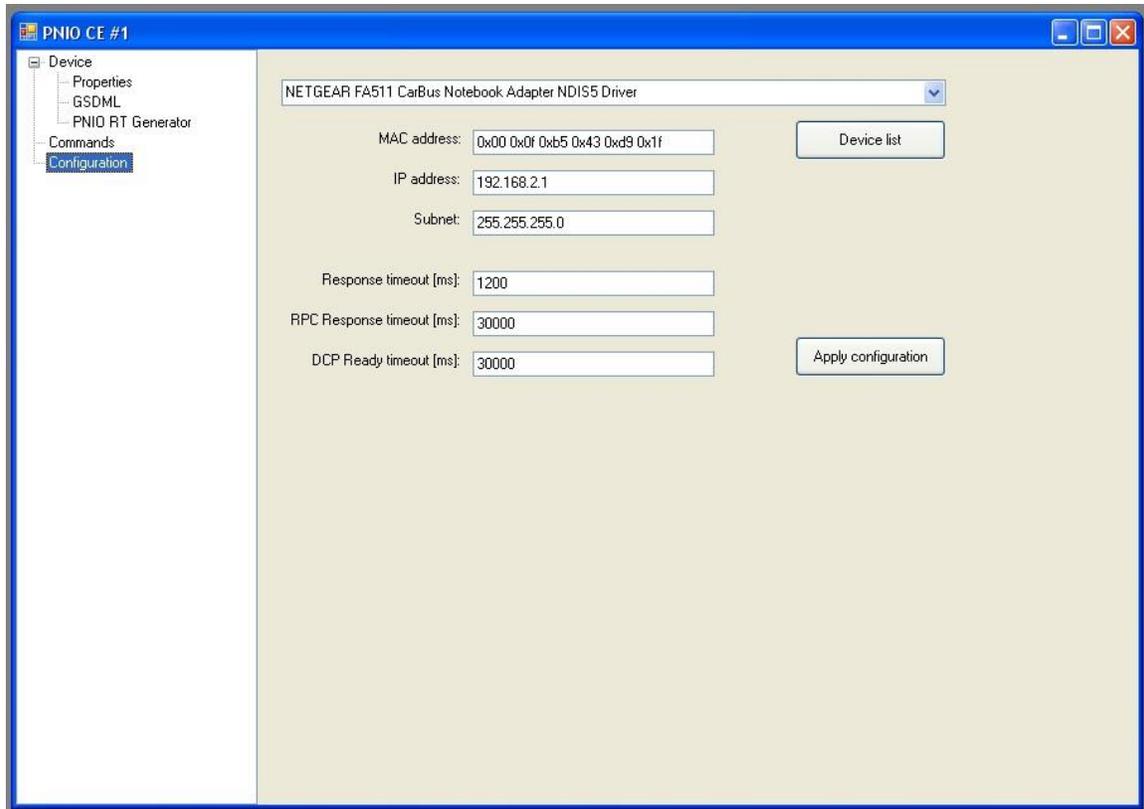
### 6.3 PROFINET Certification Tests

These tests are part of the PN IO Tester software package. The test suite used is PNIO\_V2\_2\_14\_18\_PUB and is broken down into 7 subsections: Test, Info, Behavior, RM\_DCP, Cyclic, Acyclic, and CMDEV.

This test uses the equipment described in Section 4.2.4 PN Tester Equipment.

Follow the instructions provided with the PN Tester to setup the software and Configure the test as show in the following screen shots.





Each test was run individually. Wireshark traces and test results were captured for each test. In the following sections, the description of each of these tests is provided. This description is pulled directly from the TCL/TK code for each of the tests in the test suite. The results of the test are also shown along with the file names associated with those results. A zip file is provided with all these test results

### 6.3.1 Test

#### 6.3.1.1 \_\_nameipconnparamRTC

- Description: This is a simple test to set the name, ip address, connect to the device, then start the RTC communication.
- Result: **PASS** [see \_\_nameipconn-then\_\_release.pcap, \_\_nameipconnparamRTC.html]

#### 6.3.1.2 \_\_nowait\_nameipconnparamRTC

- Description: This is a simple test to set the name, ip address, connect to the device, then start the RTC communication. This test does not have any of the standard delays present. It is a convenience test and not required for passing certification.
- Result: **FAIL**

### 6.3.1.3 \_\_release

- Description: This sends the release command to the device. It halts RTC communication and ends the connection.
- Result: **PASS** [see \_\_nameipconn-then\_\_release.pcap, \_\_release.html]

## 6.3.2 Info

### 6.3.2.1 PDEV1

- Description: Tests whether the GSD-File contains SystemDefinedSubSlots and read PDInterfaceDataReal and PDPortDataReal for each Interface and Port and displays for manual checking.
- Result: **INCONCLUSIVE** [see PDEV1.html and PDEV1.pcap]. Examining the log file reveals that the values are as expected. This test passes

### 6.3.2.2 PDEV2

- Description: Read PDDataReal Information and displays it for manual checking.. Within PDDataReal are also to check optional services like MRP, FO.
- Result: **INCONCLUSIVE** [see PDEV2.html and PDEV2.pcap]. Examining the log file reveals that the values are as expected. This test passes

### 6.3.2.3 LLDP

- Description: Test of LLDP support
- Result: **INCONCLUSIVE** [see LLDP.html and LLDP.pcap]. Examining the log file does not reveal any problems. This test passes

### 6.3.2.4 RPC\_EPM\_TEST

- Description: Test of End Point Mapper Instance for Remote Procedure Call Protocol EPM records are looked up and is searched for a record with Profinet device object description (PN record). The test of the EndPointMapper is part of the RPC testing. Within the standard RPC calls the EndPointMapper shall give an overview about the tested device. The data within the EndPointMapper shall be consistent and shall also be consistent with the data read back with I&M functions. The PNIO-UUID shall be present within the EndPointMapper (EPM) response, the RPC-EPM-UUID may be present.
- Result: **PASS**[see RPC\_EPM.pcap and RPC\_EPM.html]

### 6.3.2.5 SNMP

- Description: SNMP and MIB-II and LLDP-MIB shall be supported by a device of conformance class B and C. A conformance class A device may support SNMP and the MIBs, but these things are optional for it. The MIBs shall contain the correct information, if supported (see also Table 3 7 -Conformance class behaviors). They are read via SNMP (if supported).Only the following object identifiers "iso(1).org (3).dod(6).internet(1).mgmt(2).mib-2(1).system(1)." sysDescr(1), or sysObjectID(2), or sysUpTime(3), or sysContact(4), or sysName(5), or sysLocation(6), or sysServices(7) are mandatory.
- Result: **FAIL**[see SNMP.pcap and SNMP.html]. SNMP is not supported and does not need to be to pass certification

### 6.3.2.6 LLDP\_MIB

- Description: Test of LLDP MIB via SNMP support LLDP MIB shall be exists and MIB records have consistent values. SNMP and MIB-II and LLDP-MIB shall be supported by a device of conformance class B and C. A conformance class A device may support SNMP and the MIBs, but these things are optional for it. The MIBs shall contain the correct information, if supported (see also Table 3 7 - Conformance class behaviors). They are read via SNMP (if supported).
- Result: **FAIL**[see LLDP\_MIB.pcap and LLDP\_MIB.html]. LLDP is not supported and does not need to be to pass certification

### 6.3.2.7 IM\_READ\_EXT

- Description: Test of I&M Read function. A read with I&M0FilterData is performed; afterwards also I&M0, I&M1, I&M2, I&M3 and I&M4 shall be read out of the device by "Read\_implicit" function. The I&M0 and I&M0FilterData shall be present, all other I&M are checked if present with the entries in the bit field of IM\_Supported of I&M0. The meaning of the I&M data is checked according to the description of the device, depending on the tested device itself. The data shall make sense to the device. The testing of the I&M data shall be done according to the following steps. Read the RealIdentificationData of the device and the I&M0FilterData of the device and analyze that data API specific. Com-pare that RealIdentificationData with the I&M0FilterData API specific of all (Sub-)Modules - for all entries in the I&M0FilterData there shall be also an entry in the RealIdentificationData in the same API. For all in I&M0FilterData existing entries of (Sub-)Modules shall be read the I&M0 data with the related API. These (Sub-)Modules shall give back their I&M0 data. Also the further I&M data that are mentioned in I&M0 shall be possible to read and Write in that same API. If the requested API of the (Sub-)Module is not correct or the writing is done to a (Sub-)Module that is not part of the established AR the access may be rejected with an error "INVALID SLOT/SUBSLOT".

- **Result: INCONCLUSIVE** [see IM\_READ\_EXT.html and IM\_READ\_EXT.pcap]. Examining the log file does not reveal any problems. This test passes

### 6.3.2.8 IM\_WRITE\_EXT

- **Description:** Test of I&M Write function. Write access shall only be possible at I&M1, I&M2, I&M3 and I&M4, if present. When trying to write at I&M0, the device shall react with a negative response to that write (ACCESS DENIED, 0x80B6). The write access shall be done after establishing a connection with the test system to the Device Under Test (DUT) and having data exchange. An access to not existing I&M data blocks (read and/or write) shall be answered by a negative response (INVALID INDEX, 0x80B0). This test is performed only with the used DAP, not with all modules. A module may send back a response to I&M0 where the field BlockLength is set to "0". That indicates that the I&M data of this module are not known (e.g. an old module) to the device. This is acceptable for modules, but not for a DAP. If the module sends back the I&M data, they are also checked. I&M1-4 for SystemDefinedSubmodules if supported shall be defined in GSD as writeable.
- **Result: PASS**[see IM\_WRITE\_EXT.pcap and IM\_WRITE\_EXT.html]

## 6.3.3 Behavior

### 6.3.3.1 CONNECT\_FULL

- **Description:** Testing of RPC. The startup of the device is done with different adjustments within the RPC. Once a correct connect is sent with data representation of RPC with byte order "little endian". After the connection is established fully, the data exchange shall work in a proper way. Also a READ.req for I&M0 data of the PROFINET interface is sent with RPC byte order "little endian". The answer of the device shall contain the correct I&M0 data. Then the connection is aborted. Without switching off the device a second startup is done, but this time a correct connect is sent with data representation of RPC with byte order "big endian". After the connection is established fully, the data exchange shall work in a proper way. Also a READ.req for I&M0 data of the PROFINET interface is sent with RPC byte order "big endian". The answer of the device shall contain the correct I&M0 data. The device shall react in the same way without considering the byte order sent by the test system. The AR is shut down again by a RELEASE.req of the test system.
- **Expected Result: PASS**[see CONNECT\_FULL.pcap and CONNECT\_FULL.html]

### 6.3.3.2 CONNECT\_FRAG

- Description: Testing of RPC. A correct segmented CONNECT.req shall be processed correctly. The device and the controller shall be able to establish an AR. DataExchange is working properly. After releasing this AR, a second time a segmented CONNECT.req is sent to the device by the test system. But this time the first segment is sent with data representation "little endian" and the second segment is sent with data representation "big endian". In that case the device may reject the segmented connect, answer with an error and may not establish an AR to the test system. The exact reaction of the device shall be noted in the test records.
- Result: **INCONCLUSIVE** [see CONNECT\_FRAG.html and CONNECT\_FRAG.pcap]. It should be noted that the device does connect for fragments with different endians.

### 6.3.3.3 IP\_UDP

- Description: Testing of IP, UDP. At a running AR the following errors are generated within a READ.req (e.g. with I&M0 or with READ REAL CONFIGURATION):
  - wrong checksum in the IP part of the frame
  - wrong checksum in the UDP part of the frame
  - wrong checksums in IP and in UDP part of the frame
  - data length in the IP part is set too big
  - data length in the UDP part is set to the same value than in IP part
  - data length of the IP part is set too small
  - data length in UDP part is set too smallThe reaction of the device to those errors is to check. The wrong frames shall not be processed and shall be rejected.
- Result: **PASS** [IP\_UDP.pcap and IP\_UDP.html]

### 6.3.3.4 IOC\_READ

- Description: This test case checks the consistency of the data when using different access ways to records of the device and checks also the behavior of the device to some unallowed accesses. The test system opens different ARs and reads different indices of all used slots and subslots according to the following description. The used API set to "0". First a supervisor AR (IOS) is established and the indices mentioned below are read. Afterwards this IOS AR is shut down then a controller AR is established (IOC) and the same indices are read. After closing this IOC AR again a Device Access (DA) AR is opened to the DUT and again the same indices are read. And last via an implicit AR also that indices are read after closing the DA AR. The answers of the marked indices in the list below shall be identical with all ways of read out. In this test case following indices are read within the IOC AR: 0xF80c 0xF820 0xF830 0xF831 0x8000

0x800A 0x800B 0x800C 0x8010 0x8011 0x8012 0x8013 0x8028 0x8029  
0xC000 0xC00A 0xC00B 0xC00C 0xC010 0xC011 0xC012 0xC013 0xE000  
0xE001 0xE002 0xE00A 0xE00B 0xE00C 0xE010 0xE011 0xE012 0xE013  
0xF00A 0xF00B 0xF00C 0xF010 0xF011 0xF012 0xF013 0xF020

- **Result:** **INCONCLUSIVE** [see IOC\_READ.html and IOC\_READ.pcap].

#### 6.3.3.5 IMPLICIT\_READ

- **Description:** This test case checks the consistency of the data when using different access ways to records of the device and checks also the behavior of the device to some unallowed accesses. The test system opens different ARs and reads different indices of all used slots and subslots according to the following description. The used API set to "0". First a supervisor AR (IOS) is established and the indices mentioned below are read. Afterwards this IOS AR is shut down then a controller AR is established (IOC) and the same indices are read. After closing this IOC AR again a Device Access (DA) AR is opened to the DUT and again the same indices are read. And last via an implicit AR also that indices are read after closing the DA AR. The answers of the marked indices in the list below shall be identical with all ways of read out. In this test case following indices are implicit read: 0xF80c 0xF820 0xF830 0xF831 0x8000 0x800A 0x800B 0x800C 0x8010 0x8011 0x8012 0x8013 0x8028 0x8029 0xC000 0xC00A 0xC00B 0xC00C 0xC010 0xC011 0xC012 0xC013 0xE000 0xE001 0xE002 0xE00A 0xE00B 0xE00C 0xE010 0xE011 0xE012 0xE013 0xF00A 0xF00B 0xF00C 0xF010 0xF011 0xF012 0xF013 0xF020
- **Result:** **INCONCLUSIVE** [see IMPLICIT\_READ.html and IMPLICIT\_READ.pcap].

#### 6.3.3.6 IOS\_READ

- **Description:** This test case checks the consistency of the data when using different access ways to records of the device and checks also the behavior of the device to some unallowed accesses. The test system opens different ARs and reads different indices of all used slots and subslots according to the following description. The used API set to "0". First a supervisor AR (IOS) is established and the indices mentioned below are read. Afterwards this IOS AR is shut down then a controller AR is established (IOC) and the same indices are read. After closing this IOC AR again a Device Access (DA) AR is opened to the DUT and again the same indices are read. And last via an implicit AR also that indices are read after closing the DA AR. The answers of the marked indices in the list below shall be identical with all ways of read out. In this test case following indices are read within the IOS AR: 0xF80c 0xF820 0xF830 0xF831 0x8000 0x800A 0x800B 0x800C 0x8010 0x8011 0x8012 0x8013 0x8028 0x8029 0xC000 0xC00A 0xC00B 0xC00C 0xC010 0xC011 0xC012 0xC013 0xE000

0xE001 0xE002 0xE00A 0xE00B 0xE00C 0xE010 0xE011 0xE012 0xE013  
0xF00A 0xF00B 0xF00C 0xF010 0xF011 0xF012 0xF013 0xF020

- Result: **INCONCLUSIVE** [see IOS\_READ.html and IOS\_READ.pcap].

### 6.3.3.7 DA\_READ

- Description: This test case checks the consistency of the data when using different access ways to records of the device and checks also the behavior of the device to some unallowed accesses. The test system opens different ARs and reads different indices of all used slots and subslots according to the following description. The used API set to "0". First a supervisor AR (IOS) is established and the indices mentioned below are read. Afterwards this IOS AR is shut down then a controller AR is established (IOC) and the same indices are read. After closing this IOC AR again a Device Access (DA) AR is opened to the DUT and again the same indices are read. And last via an implicit AR also that indices are read after closing the DA AR. The answers of the marked indices in the list below shall be identical with all ways of read out. In this test case following indices are read within the IOS Device Access Mode AR: 0xF80c 0xF820 0xF830 0xF831 0x8000 0x800A 0x800B 0x800C 0x8010 0x8011 0x8012 0x8013 0x8028 0x8029 0xC000 0xC00A 0xC00B 0xC00C 0xC010 0xC011 0xC012 0xC013 0xE000 0xE001 0xE002 0xE00A 0xE00B 0xE00C 0xE010 0xE011 0xE012 0xE013 0xF00A 0xF00B 0xF00C 0xF010 0xF011 0xF012 0xF013 0xF020
- Result: **INCONCLUSIVE** [see DA\_READ.html and DA\_READ.pcap]

### 6.3.3.8 IDENTICAL\_RECORDS

- Description: This test case checks the consistency of the data when using different access ways to records of the device and checks also the behavior of the device to some unallowed accesses. The test system opens different ARs and reads different indices of all used slots and subslots according to the following description. The used API set to "0". First a supervisor AR (IOS) is established and the indices mentioned below are read. Afterwards this IOS AR is shut down then a controller AR is established (IOC) and the same indices are read. After closing this IOC AR again a Device Access (DA) AR is opened to the DUT and again the same indices are read. And last via an implicit AR also that indices are read after closing the DA AR. The answers of the marked indices in the list below shall be identical with all ways of read out. In this test case are read following indices: 0xF821 0xF840 0x8001 0x801E 0x802A 0xAFF0 0xAFF1 0xAFF2 0xAFF3 0xAFF4 0xC001 0xF000. For this indices records have to be identical in all ways of read out.
- Additional Details: Respond with 'Yes' when prompted if IOS Supervisor supported. Respond with 'Yes' when prompted if IOS Device Access supported.

- Result: **PASS** [IDENTICAL\_RECORDS.pcap and IDENTICAL\_RECORDS.html]

#### 6.3.3.9 WRONG\_ACCESS

- Description: Check of wrong access to RPC write and control. In the second part of this test case send a WRITE and afterwards a CONTROL frame via an Implicit\_AR. The device shall answer with an ERROR to that frames and ignore that frames.
- Result: **PASS** [WRONG\_ACCESS.pcap and WRONG\_ACCESS.html]

#### 6.3.3.10 VLAN

- Description: This test case checks the correct behavior of the IP stack regarding VLAN TAG. The test system shall connect to the device and do data exchange one time using the described VLAN TAG and after that it shall do this a second time without using VLAN TAGs. In both tests the device shall do correct data exchange and work properly.
- Result: **PASS** [VLAN.pcap and VLAN.html]

#### 6.3.3.11 ROUTER\_ADDR

- Description: Check of ROUTER\_ADDR. The tests with setting IP addresses shall be performed with the following possibilities of the router addresses:
  - own IP (this shall work well)
  - 0.0.0.0 (this shall work well)
  - another valid address (this shall work well)
  - an invalid address (the DCP\_SET shall be refused)
- Additional Details: When prompted to reboot, remove and re-insert the /91 or type reboot() from the target shell if a terminal session is connected.
- Result: **PASS** [ROUTER\_ADDR.pcap and ROUTER\_ADDR.html]

#### 6.3.3.12 STATEFLAGS1

- Description: This test case checks the flags "Primary" and "Backup" of the ARProperties.State within the ARBlockReq of a Connect and the DataStatus.State within the APDU\_Status of an IOCR. If an "IOCAR single" or an "IOSAR" is tried to establish within the ARBlockReq of a Connect.req and the ARProperties.State is set to "Backup" then the Connect.req shall be answered by an Error. (Faulty ARBlock.req, parameter value 9: "0xdb, 0x81, 0x01, 9"). Establish a connection with ARTYPE "IOCAR\_IODDeviceRedundant" and

ARProperties.State "Backup" and send data telegrams with DataStatusFlag "Backup". This is the analogue test case to TC\_CPM2 but with "Backup" data state. The connection will not be closed (like in CPM2 transitions #32 and #9) and the only further difference is the transition #28 is exchanged by transition #27.

- Additional Details: Respond with 'No' when prompted if IOCAR\_IODDeviceRedundant supported.
- Result: **PASS** [STATEFLAGS1.pcap and STATEFLAGS1.html]

#### 6.3.3.13 RESERVEDBITS

- Description: Test of BlockHeader and Parts marked as reserved. Within the connect.req of the test system to the device the Version Np. of the blocks are varied: There should be registered Version-No. high = 1 and low = 0. A modification of the Version high to "2" shall be refused by the device. A modification of the Version low-part to "2" shall be refused by the device. In all block headers of the blocks contained in the connect.req first the BlockVersionHigh is set to "1" and the BlockVersionLow is set to "2". With this modification of the connect.req the device shall reject this request and answer with error ErrorCode2=3. Afterwards in a new start up the BlockVersionHigh is set to "2" and the BlockVersionLow is set to "0" in the AR block only. All other blocks of the connect.req are set to the correct version. In that case the device has to reject the connect.req by answering with error.
- Result: **PASS** [RESERVEDBITS.pcap and RESERVEDBITS.html]

#### 6.3.3.14 RESTERVEDBITS\_RTC

- Description: It shall be tested, that some data parts mentioned as "reserved" are not checked by the device. This is done by some tests with setting some reserved marked bits within the IOxS (bit 1 to 4). The device shall ignore those reserved bits and send them back with value "0". Also tested in this way are the bits marked as "reserved" within the DataStatus (bit 1 and bit 3). There also the device shall ignore that "reserved" marked bits and send them back with value "0".
- Result: **PASS** [RESERVEDBITS\_RTC.pcap and RESERVEDBITS\_RTC.html]

#### 6.3.3.15 CCONTROL\_TIMEOUT

- Description: This test case tests the correct behavior of a timeout CControl. The system is started up with the normal startup frames but after the CONNECT and - if needed - all the parameters are written and a correct PARAMETER\_END (DControl) is signaled, no answer of the test system is sent to the

"APPLICATION\_READY" of the device (CControl). After the timer expires (RPC timeout) the device sends an ERROR (Abort of the connection) and stops cyclical communication. The state transitions of CMDEV are #1, #2, #8, #15, #19, #20, (starts CMI\_Timeout), #22 (stops Timer and activates CPM), #37, #43, #23, #43, #25, #56, #73, after that the RM indicates a negative response via RMPM state transition #51, #52, from RPC that is followed by the CMDEV state transitions: #98, #132, #135, #136, #137, #139 (or equivalent).

- **Result:** **PASS** [CCONTROL\_TIMEOUT.pcap and CCONTROL\_TIMEOUT.html]

#### 6.3.3.16 DHt\_STARTING

- **Description:** This test case tests the timeout immediately after sending the first Parameter\_Write (then the DH timer shall be started). A startup is done with the normal startup frames but the test system stops sending frames after the first PARAMETER\_WRITE. When expiring the DH timer the device sends an ERROR (Abort of the connection) and stops cyclic communication. The state transitions of CMDEV are #1, #2, #8, #15, #19, #20, (starts CMI\_Timeout), #22 (stops Timer and activates CPM), #37, #43 (or equivalent), here the CPM state transitions with the timeout create the further transitions: #32, #132, #135, #136, #137, #139. The state transitions of CPM are #1, #24, #34, (#24 and #34 may occur more than once), #34, #34, #31, then after the second part of CMDEV state transitions #9.
- **Result:** **PASS** [DHt\_STARTING.pcap and DHt\_STARTING.html]

#### 6.3.3.17 REPEAT\_FRAMES

- **Description:** This test case uses the repeat of RPC\_Read and RPC\_Write to simulate a problem on the receiver or line. First normal startup is done, so that there is a running system in data exchange. Then a RPC\_Read is repeated once. The device sends back the same data in the second READ.res as in the first READ.res. Afterwards a RPC\_Write is repeated in the same way. The device shall accept that and run without problems.
- **Result:** **INCONCLUSIVE** [see REPEAT\_FRAMES.html and REPEAT\_FRAMES.pcap] Based on the bus monitor output this test passes.

#### 6.3.3.18 STRUCT\_DATA

- **Description:** This test case checks consistency of the data between IOCR input/output and expected sub modules and the reaction of the device to failures and inconsistencies. Test if 1 element is mentioned 2 times in different ways, and also test if 1 sub module is mentioned 2 times in the same way. The expected reaction to that failure is an Error with definition of the wrong block and

parameter of the connect.req. For the element mentioned two times in the same way, it would also possible to accept that request and the device may go to data exchange. In the following the tests are done with an input data length of 1440 octets and an output data length of 1440 octets. This data length of 1440 octets for the IO CR is mandatory according to the profile description of PROFINET IO. ICR/OCR: the pointers to data within the telegram are manipulated in the way, that

- Elements are moved to the end of the data telegram (still o.k.)
- Elements would exceed the telegram end (faulty)
- Gaps within the telegram arise (still o.k.)
- Data elements overlap (faulty)
- The smallest possible data length and the highest possible data length is tested
- The maximum number of modules/sub modules is tested
- The maximum cycle time is tested as well as the maximum factor for ReductionRatio (DataExchangeBroadcast).

The tests marked with "faulty" shall return an Error that defines the faulty block and parameter. All other tests shall bring the device to data exchange with the test system without errors.

- **Result:** **PASS** [STRUCT\_DATA.pcap and STRUCT\_DATA.html]

#### 6.3.3.19 FSU\_TEST

- **Description:** Testing of FastStartUp (FSU). FSU data are written to a FSU device in the first startup phase and read back again in data exchange phase. At a following startup of the device the "Hello.req" shall be sent by the device according to the written parameters. The correct timing, retry and the correct content of the "Hello.req" shall be checked.
- **Result:** **INCONCLUSIVE** [see FSU\_TEST.html and FSU\_TEST.pcap] Fast Start-up not supported

#### 6.3.3.20 MULTIPLE\_WRITE

- **Description:** Testing of MultipleWrite. If in the GSDML file the element "MultipleWriteSupp" is set, the parameters of the device are also sent to the device by using one MultipleWrite request (Index 0xE040) instead of some single Write requests. The device shall startup correctly and enter state DataExchange. The reaction to a Read request with Index 0xE040 shall be a negative response (0xDE 0x80 0xB0 or 0xDE 0x80 0xB8). This test case is only run, if the device supports MultipleWrite.
- **Result:** **INCONCLUSIVE** [see MULTIPLE\_WRITE.html and MULTIPLE\_WRITE.pcap] MultipleWriteSup not present in GSD.

### 6.3.3.21 DCPUCx

- Description: Additional testing of the State Machines DCPUCx. DCPUCS state machine in controller for sending DCP\_GET and/or DCP\_SET. DCPUCR state machine for responding to DCP\_GET and/or DCP\_SET, also in devices. The reaction to a DCP\_SET.req and DCP\_GET.req is tested in the RM test cases and the interoperability test and so the relevant state transitions of DCPUCR are tested already there implicit. The relevant state transitions are for DCP\_GET #3 followed by #9 and for DCP\_SET #4 followed by #10. State transition #11 could be tested by sending a second DCP\_SET.req or a DCP\_GET.req before the first req is proceeded by the device. The device has to ignore this second req. Maybe this is not always possible to test. All other transitions are internal and not possible to test. A request from another station within the Client Hold Time (=3s) shall be ignored by the device.
- Result: **INCONCLUSIVE** [see DCPUCx.html and DCPUCx.pcap]. The bus monitor trace shows the device responded as expected. This test passes

## 6.3.4 RM\_DCP

### 6.3.4.1 RM1

- Description: Test of State machine RMPM (ResourceManagerProtocolMachine). Startup of the device with setting of name and IP\_parameters by means of DCP and establishing the connection with parameter write. Also tested is the read back of the Name and IP\_parameters written to the device. Precondition is a new power up of the device without DHCP enabled and without Name and IP stored in the device. If the device has stored a name and/or an IP address, these things shall be deleted by setting "Factory Reset" by DCP means before executing this test case.
- Additional Details: When prompted to reboot, remove and re-insert the /91 or type reboot() from the target shell if a terminal session is connected.
- Result: **PASS** [RM1.pcap and RM1.html]

### 6.3.4.2 RM2

- Description: Test of State machine RMPM (ResourceManagerProtocolMachine). Startup of the device with setting of name and IP\_parameters by means of DCP and establishing the connection. A RPC\_call RELEASE shall be rejected when no connection is established. Also tested is the read back of the Name and IP\_parameters written to the device. Precondition is a new power up of the device without DHCP enabled and without Name and IP stored in the device. If the device has stored a name and/or an IP address, these things shall be deleted by setting "Factory Reset" by DCP means before executing this test case. It is to

check that the FactoryReset is executed (before the next "Power-On" is done to execute the test case).

- Additional Details: When prompted to reboot, remove and re-insert the /91 or type reboot() from the target shell if a terminal session is connected.
- Result: **PASS** [RM2.pcap and RM2.html]

#### 6.3.4.3 RM3

- Description: Test of State machine RMPM (ResourceManagerProtocolMachine). Startup of the device with setting of name and IP\_parameters by means of DCP and establishing the connection. A RPC\_call RELEASE shall be rejected when no connection is established. Also tested is the read back of the Name and IP\_parameters written to the device. Precondition is a new power up of the device without DHCP enabled and device shall have a name, but no IP address set yet. If the device has stored an IP address, this address shall be deleted by setting "Factory Reset" by DCP means before executing this test case afterwards set the name by DCP means permanent.
- Additional Details: When prompted to reboot, remove and re-insert the /91 or type reboot() from the target shell if a terminal session is connected.
- Result: **PASS** [RM3.pcap and RM3.html]

#### 6.3.4.4 RM4

- Description: Test of State machine RMPM (ResourceManagerProtocolMachine). Startup of the device without setting of name and IP\_parameters; these things shall be stored in the device already. A RPC\_Read at first shall be rejected. Precondition is a new power up of the device with Name and IP stored in the device. If no name and/or IP address is stored in the device, both shall be set permanently by DCP means before executing this test case.
- Additional Details: When prompted to reboot, remove and re-insert the /91 or type reboot() from the target shell if a terminal session is connected.
- Result: **PASS** [RM4.pcap and RM4.html]

#### 6.3.4.5 RM5

- Description: Test of State machine RMPM (ResourceManagerProtocolMachine). The device has got name and IP address and is running in state data exchange with a standard controller (running AR). The test system sends a DCP\_SET\_NAME command to the device with a name length of "0" to delete the existing name. The expected reaction of the device is to leave state data

exchange with the standard controller and to delete its name. Tested is here the state transition #41 of the state machine RMPM. Afterwards a DCP\_Identify with selector "ALL" is responded by the device, showing no name. After a DCP\_SET\_NAME with the projected name, the standard controller takes control of the device again and brings it to state data exchange again.

- Additional Details: When prompted to connect with a standard IO-Controller, use the Molex Engineering tool to scan the network and locate the device. Then use the resulting configuration and connect to the device. Once the RTC data exchange starts the icon on the Engineering workstation will turn green. Click "Yes" in the tester once the icon is green and notice that it turns red indicating that it has left the connection. When prompted "Click "Yes" that the controller has left the connection. Notice that the icon again turns green. Click "Yes" that the controller has re-established the connection. Once the test is completed disconnect the Molex tool from the device.
- Result: **PASS** [RM5.pcap and RM5.html]

#### 6.3.4.6 RM61

- Description: Test of State machine RMPM (ResourceManagerProtocolMachine) The device is only run with the test system. The test system sends a DCP\_SET\_NAME with a correct name and the BlockQualifier is set to "save the value permanent". Afterwards the test system sends a DCP\_SET\_IP with correct IP address, correct subnet mask and correct router information and the BlockQualifier is set to "save the value permanent". The device reacts correctly to a "ping" sent from the test system to its IP address and also responds with its name and IP to a DCP\_IDENTIFY\_ALL sent from the test system. After that a new IP address is set to the device by means of DCP\_SET\_IP and the BlockQualifier is set to "use IP temporary". The device reacts correctly to a "ping" sent from the test system to its new IP address and also responds with its name and IP to a DCP\_IDENTIFY\_ALL sent from the test system. Then the device is powered off and on again. A "ping" sent from the test system to the IP address that was set temporary and also a "ping" sent from the test system to the IP address that was stored in the beginning is not responded. A DCP\_IDENTIFY\_ALL from the test system is responded by the device with its name and the IP parameter (IP address, subnet mask, router address) set to "0.0.0.0".
- Additional Details: When prompted to reboot, remove and re-insert the /91 or type reboot() from the target shell if a terminal session is connected.
- Result: **PASS** [RM61.pcap and RM61.html]

#### 6.3.4.7 RM62

- Description: Test of State machine RMPM (ResourceManagerProtocolMachine). Test RM61 is done a second time by using the same IP parameter for the

DCP\_SET\_IP with BlockQualifier "use IP temporary" as for the stored parameter before.

- Additional Details: When prompted to reboot, remove and re-insert the /91 or type reboot() from the target shell if a terminal session is connected.
- Result: **PASS** [RM62.pcap and RM62.html]

#### 6.3.4.8 RM63

- Description: Test of State machine RMPM (ResourceManagerProtocolMachine). Afterwards correct device name and IP parameters are set permanently. Also I&M1 to I&M4, if supported, are set to correct values. After a DCP\_SET command "RESET\_TO\_FACTORYSETTINGS" the device shall answer to DCP\_IDENTIFY\_ALL with a name length of "0", the IP parameter shall be set to "0.0.0.0" and when reading the supported I&M data of I&M1 to I&M4 they shall be reset.
- Result: **PASS** [RM63.pcap and RM63.html]

#### 6.3.4.9 RM8

- Description: Test of State machine RMPM (ResourceManagerProtocolMachine). The maximum and the minimum length of the name shall be checked with DCP. First a DCP\_SET\_NAME with a name "z" is sent to the device. The device has to accept it and set the name to "z" and run with that name. A DCP\_IDENTIFY\_ALL is answered by the device with the set name and its correct set IP parameters. Afterwards a name with 63 signs "a" to "z" and "-" and "0" to "9" is tested the same way. The device name for example may be set to: "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy-abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy1234567890". Afterwards a name is tested with 63 signs and "." and another 55 signs and "." and another 56 signs and "." and another 63 signs (total 240 signs). The device has to accept that name and run in a proper way with that name.
- Result: **PASS** [RM8.pcap and RM8.html]

### 6.3.5 Cyclical

#### 6.3.5.1 PPM1

- Description: Test of State machine PPM (ProducerProtocolMachine). Test of sending new Input data and new Provider\_Status. Precondition is that the device started and a connection is established.
- Additional Details: When prompted with if the device can change inputs, respond with "Yes". When prompted with can the device trigger an alarm, respond with

"Yes". To change inputs, you need to use the backdoor from the target shell by setting **rs\_bitmask = 1**, and **rs\_bitmask = 0**, and wait approximately 15 seconds. To trigger an alarm, turning the TDI key.

- Result: **PASS** [PPM1.pcap and PPM1.html]

#### 6.3.5.2 CPM1

- Description: Test of State machine CPM (ConsumerProtocolMachine). New and valid data are sent to the device first for four times (cycle counter increases); afterwards older data (cycle counter decreases) are sent to the device. As long as the cycle counter increases, the data are sent to the application (and can be checked at the outputs of the device, if possible). When the cycle counter decreases, these output data are not sent to the application, so the outputs don't change. After the DataHoldTimer and the WatchdogTimer expires the connection will be closed. Precondition is that the device is started and the connection is established and the Timers are activated.
- Result: **PASS** [CPM1.pcap and CPM1.html]

#### 6.3.5.3 CPM2

- Description: Test of State machine CPM (ConsumerProtocolMachine). New data (increasing cycle counter) are sent to the device that have no valid data status. Then the default values are sent to the application. The WatchdogTimer is triggered but the DataHoldTimer expires and the connection will be closed. Precondition is that the device is started and the connection is established and the Timers are activated.
- Result: **PASS** [CPM2.pcap and CPM2.html]

### 6.3.6 Acyclical

#### 6.3.6.1 ALPMI1-APMS1

- Description: Test of Alarm-State machine ALPMI (AlarmProtocolMachinelitiator). The correct startup of the AlarmProtocolMachinelitiator (runs with the startup) of CMDEV under condition that a correct Connect with Alarms activated is received) and the correct shutdown of it - by sending a Release (ControlCommand Release) - is tested.
- Result: **PASS** [ALPMI1-APMS1.pcap and ALPMI1-APMS1.html]

### 6.3.6.2 ALPMI2

- Description: Test of Alarm-State machine ALPMI (AlarmProtocolMachinelitiator). Precondition is the correct startup of the Alarm-SM. An Alarm is triggered and acknowledged, afterwards two alarms are triggered, but only the first of the alarms is sent. When the sent Alarm is acknowledged, a triggered alarm is sent. A wrong "Ack" - here a telegram with Alarm\_Ack Frame ID but read\_data - indicates an Error to the User; the following correct Alarm\_Ack is ignored. A further triggered alarm is sent on the bus again. To stop the test, a Release (ControlCommand Release) is sent by the test system.
- Additional Details: When prompted "Outputs set to '1'" respond with "Yes". Turn the TDI key - for each alarm.
- Result: **PASS** [ALPMI2.pcap and ALPMI2.html]

### 6.3.6.3 ALPMR1

- Description: Test of Alarm-State machine ALPMR (AlarmProtocolMachineResponder). The correct startup of the AlarmProtocolMachineResponder (runs with the startup of CMDEV under condition that a correct Connect with Alarms activated is received) and the correct shutdown of it - by sending a Release (ControlCommand Release) - is tested.
- Result: **PASS** [ALPMR1.pcap and ALPMR1.html]

### 6.3.6.4 ALPMR2

- Description: Test of Alarm-State machine ALPMR (AlarmProtocolMachineResponder). Precondition is the correct startup of the Alarm-SM. A "Read" is sent by the test system with an Alarm\_FrameID. The User gets an Error\_Indication. This part of the test is stopped by a Release (ControlCommand Release).
- Result: **PASS** [ALPMR2.pcap and ALPMR2.html]

### 6.3.6.5 ALPMR3

- Description: Test of Alarm-State machine ALPMR (AlarmProtocolMachineResponder). Precondition is the correct startup of the Alarm-SM. An Alarm is sent to the device and immediately after that a second Alarm is sent to the device. An Alarm-ACK to the first Alarm is seen on the bus, the second Alarm is ignored. After that a sent alarm is acknowledged by the device again. This part of the test is stopped by a Release (ControlCommand Release).

- Result: **PASS** [ALPMR3.pcap and ALPMR3.html]

#### 6.3.6.6 ALPMR4

- Description: Test of Alarm-State machine ALPMR (AlarmProtocolMachineResponder). Precondition is the correct startup of the Alarm-SM. If the device can trigger an Alarm\_Ack by the User, this is tested; if no Alarm to that Ack was received before, the Ack shall not be sent on the bus and the User gets back a .cnf(-). This part of the test is stopped by a Release (ControlCommand Release).
- Additional Details: When prompted if there is an acknowledge button, respond with “No”
- Result: **PASS** [ALPMR4.pcap and ALPMR4.html]

#### 6.3.6.7 APMR1

- Description: Test of Alarm-State machine APMR (AcyclicProtocolMachineReceiver). The correct startup of the AcyclicProtocolMachineReceiver (runs with the startup of CMDEV/ALPMR/ALPMS under condition that a correct Connect with Alarms activated is received) and the correct shutdown of it - by sending a Release (ControlCommand Release) - is tested.
- Result: **PASS** [APMR1.pcap and APMR1.html]

#### 6.3.6.8 APMR2

- Description: Test of Alarm-State machine APMR (AcyclicProtocolMachineReceiver). Precondition is the correct startup of the Alarm-SM. A correct Alarm (with Start SendSeqNum=0xffff) is received and immediately after that the connection is closed by a Release (ControlCommand Release).
- Result: **PASS** [APMR2.pcap and APMR2.html]

#### 6.3.6.9 APMR3

- Description: Test of Alarm-State machine APMR (AcyclicProtocolMachineReceiver). Precondition is the correct startup of the Alarm-SM. If the User can trigger immediate Resp\_Ack, the User gets back a .cnf(-), if no Alarm was received before; the Ack is not sent on the bus. To a correct Alarm, an immediate\_response is sent. To a repeated Alarm, the Ack is also repeated. Afterwards a new Alarm is sent by the test system that is

acknowledged correct by the device. An Alarm with wrong SendSeqNum is responded with a "NACK". A following Alarm with correct SendSeqNum is acknowledged correct again. A telegram that is not of type "Data" is ignored. A following Alarm with correct SendSeqNum is acknowledged correct again. This part of the test is stopped by a Release (ControlCommand Release).

- Additional Details: When prompted if there is an acknowledge button, respond with "No"
- Result: **PASS** [APMR3.pcap and APMR3.html]

#### 6.3.6.10 APMS2

- Description: Test of Alarm-State machine APMS (AcyclicProtocolMachineSender). Precondition is the correct startup of the Alarm-SM. An Alarm is triggered; the Alarm can be seen on the bus; the SendSeqNum is checked. This part of the test is stopped by a Release (ControlCommand Release).
- Result: **PASS** [APMS2.pcap and APMS2.html]

#### 6.3.6.11 APMS3

- Description: Test of Alarm-State machine APMS (AcyclicProtocolMachineSender). Precondition is the correct startup of the Alarm\_SM. First there is tested that ACK and NACK of the last Alarm is ignored; afterwards ACK and NACK of SeqNum that are incorrect are tested, so Error.ind and with NACK at incorrect SeqNum also an Error PDU shall be sent on the bus. Then an Alarm is triggered and the Time\_out expires; here the Alarm shall be repeated for "M\_Retry" times and if not acknowledged until then the User gets an Error. An Alarm that is triggered is sent on the bus and the Ack from the test system enables the device for sending another Alarm. If this Alarm is not acknowledged, no new Alarm can be sent. Only an Alarm\_Ack enables the device for sending a new Alarm. If there is sent ACK and/or NACK with the SeqNum of the Alarm before the last sent, when waiting for an Alarm\_Ack, these telegrams are ignored; ACK and/or NACK with incorrect SeqNum is handled the same as when not waiting for an Alarm\_Ack. After these tests the correct function is tested with a new Alarm and correct Alarm\_Ack. This part of the test is stopped by a Release (ControlCommand Release). In this version of APMS3 more as one alarm can be triggered at each step.
- Additional Details: When prompted "Outputs set to '1'" respond with "Yes". Turn the TDI key - for each alarm and for last alarm select 'OK prior to sending
- Result: **PASS** [ALPMS3.pcap and ALPMS3.html]

#### 6.3.6.12 ALARMNUM\_CHECK

- Description: Test of Alarm-State machine APMS (AcyclicProtocolMachineSender). Number of alarm retries have to be checked.
- Additional Details: Turn the key on the TDI to trigger an alarm
- Result: **PASS** [ALARMNUM\_CHECK.pcap and ALARMNUM\_CHECK.html]

### 6.3.7 CMDEV

#### 6.3.7.1 CMDEV1

- Description: Test of State machine CMDEV (ContextManager of the DEVICE). First a wrong connect is sent to the device; that is rejected. Second a connect is sent to the device with Multicast\_communication enabled and with more resources needed than available; that is also rejected by the device. Then a correct Unicast\_communication is established but no further communication is done, so a timeout occurs and the connection is shut down by the device again.
- Result: **PASS** [CMDEV1.pcap and CMDEV1.html]

#### 6.3.7.2 CMDEV4

- Description: Test of State machine CMDEV (ContextManager of the DEVICE). An Unicast\_communication is tried to be established and the same connection is tried to be established a second time immediately. The connection is shut down again by the device.
- Result: **PASS** [CMDEV4.pcap and CMDEV4.html]

#### 6.3.7.3 CMDEV5

- Description: Test of State machine CMDEV (ContextManager of the DEVICE). An Unicast\_communication is tried to be established and the same connection is tried to be established after getting back the confirmation of the first connect. The connection is shut down again by the device.
- Result: **PASS** [CMDEV5.pcap and CMDEV5.html]

#### 6.3.7.4 CMDEV6

- Description: Test of State machine CMDEV (ContextManager of the DEVICE) Startup and connect with Unicast\_communication but wrong DControl (wrong ParameterEnd). The connection is shut down by the device.
- Result: **PASS** [CMDEV6.pcap and CMDEV6.html]

#### 6.3.7.5 CMDEV7

- Description: Test of State machine CMDEV (ContextManager of the DEVICE). Startup and connect with Unicast\_communication but wrong DControl (wrong ParameterEnd) and additional Write (Parameter\_Write) in the startup phase. The connection is shut down by the device.
- Result: **PASS** [CMDEV7.pcap and CMDEV7.html]

#### 6.3.7.6 CMDEV8a

- Description: Test of State machine CMDEV (ContextManager of the DEVICE). Correct Startup of the connection with Parameter\_Write and the correct ParameterEnd. A Write between ParameterEnd of the controller and ApplicationReady of the device is rejected. A Read between ParameterEnd of the controller and ApplicationReady of the device is handled correctly. A Write and also a Read after the device's signaling ApplicationReady is handled correctly. A Release (ControlCommand Release) sent by the controller shuts down the connection.
- Result: **INCONCLUSIVE** [CMDEV8a.pcap and CMDEV8a.html] The bus monitor trace confirms the expected operation.

#### 6.3.7.7 CMDEV8b

- Description: Test of State machine CMDEV (ContextManager of the DEVICE). Correct Startup of the connection with Parameter\_Write and the correct ParameterEnd. A Write between ParameterEnd of the controller and ApplicationReady of the device is rejected. A Read between ParameterEnd of the controller and ApplicationReady of the device is handled correctly. A Write and also a Read after the device's signaling ApplicationReady is handled correctly. A Release (ControlCommand Release) sent by the controller shuts down the connection.
- Result: **INCONCLUSIVE** [CMDEV8b.pcap and CMDEV8b.html] The bus monitor trace confirms the expected operation.

#### 6.3.7.8 CMDEV8c

- Description: Test of State machine CMDEV (ContextManager of the DEVICE). Correct Startup of the connection with Parameter\_Write and the correct ParameterEnd. A Write between ParameterEnd of the controller and ApplicationReady of the device is rejected. A Read between ParameterEnd of the controller and ApplicationReady of the device is handled correctly. A Write and also a Read after the device's signaling ApplicationReady is handled

correctly. A Release (ControlCommand Release) sent by the controller shuts down the connection.

- Result: **PASS** [CMDEV8c.pcap and CMDEV8c.html]

#### 6.3.7.9 CMDEV9

- Description: Test of State machine CMDEV (ContextManager of the DEVICE). After a correct Connect by the controller and the Connect\_Response by the device but not yet sent ParameterEnd a Read is handled correctly. A Release (ControlCommand Release) sent by the controller shuts down the connection.
- Result: **PASS** [CMDEV9.pcap and CMDEV9.html]